Federal Law of 07.02.2011, No. 3-Φ3 (Collection of Legislation of the Russian Federation of 2011, No. 7, Article 900; Rossiyskaya Gazeta, dated February 08, 2011; Parliamentary Newspaper, dated February 11, 2011)

As of November 21, 2018

#### RUSSIAN FEDERATION

#### THE FEDERAL LAW

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About the police
     Adopted by the State Duma on January 28, 2011
      Approved by the Federation Council on February 2, 2011
    (as amended by federal laws of 01.07.2011, N 169-FZ;
 from 01.07.2011, N 170-FZ; from 07/19/2011, N 247- Federal Law;
 dated November 21, 2011 , N 329-FZ; dated November 30, 2011, N 340-FZ;
 dated November 30, 2011, N 342-FZ; dated December 3, 2011, N 389-FZ;
 dated December 6, 2011 N 410-\Phi3, dated June 25, 2012 N 88-\Phi3,
 <u>dated 03.12.2012 N 244-Φ3</u> , <u>dated 04.04.2013 N 37-Φ3</u> ,
 dated June 28, 2013 N 134-\Phi3;
                                                                              of 07/02/2013, N 185-\Phi3;
of November 25, 2013, N 317-FZ; of December 28, 2013, N 388-\Phi3;
of 03.02.2014, N 7-\Phi3; of 03.02.2014, N 8-\Phi3;
of 03.02.2014, N 15-Φ3; of July 21, 2014, N 258-Φ3; of 10/14/2014, N 307-FZ; of December 22, 2014, N 431-Φ3;
of February 12, 2015, N 15-FZ; of February 12, 2015, No.
                                                             16-FZ;
dated 08.03.2015, N 23-\Phi3 ; of July 13, 2015, N 248-\Phi3 ;
of June 23, 2016 N 201-FZ; dated July 03, 2016 N 227-Φ3;
dated July 03, 2016 N 305-Φ3;
                                                                                               of May 28, 2017, N 102-FZ;
18.06.2017, N 122-Φ3; of July 29, 2017, N 272-FZ;
dated 05.12.2017 N 391-\Phi3
     Chapter 1. General Provisions
     Section 1. Appointment of Police
1. The police are designed to protect life, health, rights and freedoms of citizens of the Russian Federation, foreign citizens, persons without
citizenship (hereinafter also referred to as citizens; persons), to counter
crime, public order, property and for
public safety.
     2. The police immediately come to the aid of everyone who
needs its protection from criminal and other unlawful
encroachment.
     3. The police, within their authority, assists
federal bodies of state power
authorities of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation, other state bodies
(hereinafter also referred to as government bodies), local authorities
self-government, other municipal bodies (hereinafter also -
municipalities), public associations, and
organizations regardless of ownership (hereinafter -
organizations), officials of these bodies and organizations (hereinafter -
officials) to protect their rights.
     Section 2. Main Police Activities
     1. Police activities are carried out according to the following main
directions:
     1) protection of the individual, society, state from illegal
infringement;
     2) prevention and suppression of crimes and administrative
offenses;
     3) the identification and detection of crimes, the production of inquiries
in criminal cases;
     4) search for persons;
     5) the proceedings on cases of administrative offenses,
execution of administrative penalties;
     6) ensuring law and order in public places;
     7) road safety;
     8) (Lost force - Federal Law
 of 03.07.2016, N 227-FZ )
9) (Terminate - Federal Law of 05/12/2017, N 391-FZ)
                                  10) (Terminate - Federal Law
 of 07/03/2016 N 227-FZ )
                                11) state protection of victims, witnesses and other
participants in criminal proceedings, judges, prosecutors,
investigators, law enforcement officials and supervisors
authorities, as well as other protected persons;
     12) the implementation of forensic activities.
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police may be involved in maintenance activities or

2. By decision of the President of the Russian Federation, employees

restoration of international peace and security.

#### Section 3. Legal Basis for Police Activities

- 1. The legal basis of the police is constituted by the Constitution. Russian Federation, generally accepted principles and norms international law, international treaties of the Russian Federation, federal constitutional laws, this federal law, other federal laws, regulatory legal acts of the President Of the Russian Federation and the regulatory legal acts of the Government Russian Federation, as well as regulatory legal acts federal executive body performing the functions on the formulation and implementation of public policy and regulation in the sphere of internal affairs (hereinafter federal executive body in the field of internal affairs).
- 2. The police are also guided by their laws. subjects of the Russian Federation on the protection of public order and public safety, issued in limits of their competence.
- 3. The federal executive body in the field of internal cases is developed and submitted in the prescribed manner to the President Russian Federation and the Government of the Russian Federation projects federal constitutional laws, federal laws, regulatory acts of the President of the Russian Federation and regulatory legal acts of the Government of the Russian Federation, and There are also proposals to improve legislative and other regulatory legal acts on matters related to activities the police.

## Section 4. Police Organization

- 1. The police is part of a single centralized systems of the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs.
- The police may include units, organizations and services created to carry the police duties (hereinafter - the police unit).
- 3. The management of the police is carried out within of his competence, the head of the federal executive body authorities in the field of internal affairs, heads of territorial bodies federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs (further territorial bodies) and heads of departments the police. The heads of these bodies and divisions are responsible for carrying out duties assigned to the police.
- 4. The composition of the police, the order of creation, reorganization and the elimination of police units are determined by the President Russian Federation.
- 5. Standards and staffing limits of units police within the established staff size internal affairs are determined by the head of the federal agency executive in the field of internal affairs.

# Chapter 2. The principles of the police

- Article 5. Respect for and respect for the rights and freedoms of  $$\operatorname{\mathtt{man}}$$  and citizen
- 1. The police conducts its business on the basis of and respect for the rights and freedoms of man and citizen.
- 2. Police activity restricting rights and freedoms citizens, immediately terminate if a legitimate goal is reached or it turned out that this goal cannot or should not be achieved by restrictions on the rights and freedoms of citizens.
- 3. A police officer is prohibited from resorting to torture, violence, other cruel or degrading appeal. The police officer is obliged to stop the actions that the citizen is intentionally hurt, physical or moral suffering.
  - 4. When applying to a citizen, a police officer must:
- state his position, rank, surname, request of a citizen's business ID, and then report the reason and purpose of the appeal;
- 2) in the case of application to the citizen of measures restricting his rights and freedoms, explain to him the reason and grounds for applying such measures, as well as the rights and obligations arising in this connection a citizen.
- 5. A police officer if a citizen calls him must state his position, rank, surname, carefully listen to, take appropriate measures within their powers or clarify whose competence is the decision of the supplied of the question.
- 6. Information obtained from the police the private life of a citizen may not be granted to anyone was without the voluntary consent of the citizen, with the exception of cases stipulated by federal law.
- 7. The police must provide every citizen with the opportunity familiarization with documents and materials directly affecting his rights and freedoms, unless otherwise specified http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

# federal law.

Article 6. Legality

- 1. The police conducts its business in precise
- according to law.
- 2. Any restriction of rights, freedoms and legitimate interests citizens, as well as the rights and legitimate interests of public associations, organizations and officials is permissible only grounds and in the manner prescribed by federal law.
- 3. A police officer is prohibited to incite, persuade, encourage anyone, directly or indirectly, to commit unlawful acts.
- 4. A police officer cannot justify his actions. (inaction) in the performance of official duties refer to service interests, economic feasibility, illegal requirements, orders and instructions of higher officials or any other circumstances.
- 5. The use of state measures by a police officer coercion to fulfill duties and exercise police rights permissible only in cases provided for by federal law.
- 6. The federal executive body in the field of internal cases provides control over the legality of decisions and actions police officials.

## Article 7. Impartiality

- 1. Police protect rights, freedoms and legitimate interests. person and citizen regardless of gender, race, nationality, language, origin, property and official status, place of residence, attitude to religion, belief, affiliation public associations, as well as other circumstances.
- 2. A police officer is prohibited from being in political parties, financially support political parties and take participation in their activities. In the performance of performance activities a police officer must not be bound by political decisions parties, other public associations and religious organizations.
- 3. The police officer must respect the national customs and traditions of citizens, to take into account cultural and other features of different ethnic and social groups, religious organizations, promote interethnic and interfaith accord
- 4. Police officer both in service and off-duty time must refrain from any action that may raise doubts about his impartiality or damage police authority.

# Article 8. Openness and publicity

- 1. Police activities are open to the public in that to the extent that this is not contrary to legal requirements The Russian Federation on criminal proceedings, on the proceedings on cases of administrative offenses, on operational investigative activities, the protection of state and other legally protected secrets, and does not violate the rights of citizens, public associations and organizations.
- 2. Citizens, public associations and organizations have right in the manner prescribed by the legislation of the Russian Federation, to receive reliable information about the activities of the police, and also receive information from the police directly affecting their rights, with the exception of information to which limited by federal law.
- 3. The police regularly inform the state and municipal authorities, citizens about their activities through the means mass information and telecommunications network
  Internet, as well as through reports of officials (at least one times a year) before the legislative (representative) bodies state power of the subjects of the Russian Federation, representative bodies of municipalities and before by citizens. Frequency, reporting procedures, and categories officials authorized to report to the said authorities and citizens are determined by the federal authority executive in the field of internal affairs.
- 4. Police in accordance with the legislation of the Russian The Federation provides information on its activities to on official requests of their editorial boards, as well as by holding press conferences, sending reference and statistical materials and in other forms.
- 5. At the request of the editorial staff of the media in the order determined by the federal executive body in the field of accreditation of journalists for coverage of police activities.
- 6. The federal executive body in the field of internal cases in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation may establish media to cover activities the police.

1. The police, in carrying out their activities, seeks to ensure public trust in itself and support of citizens.

- 2. The actions of the police must be substantiated and understandable to citizens.
- 3. In case of violation by a police officer of the rights and freedoms citizens or rights of organizations the police are obliged within their authority to take action to restore the violated rights and freedoms. In the manner determined by the federal executive body in police, apologizes to the citizen, rights and whose freedoms were violated by a police officer, at the place finding (residence), working or training a citizen in according to his wishes. (As amended by Federal Law of July 2, 2013 N 185-FZ )
- 4. Information defaming honor, dignity and business reputation a public citizen by a police officer in the case of recognition of their inappropriate by the court, the investigator, the body of inquiry or the police themselves must be denied in the same form in which they were made public, in possible short term, but not exceeding one month from the day recognition of such information is not true.
- 5. The federal executive body in the field of internal Affairs is constantly monitoring public opinion on police activities, as well as monitoring police interactions with civil society institutions. Results of this monitoring is regularly reported to the public and municipalities, citizens through the media, information and telecommunication network Internet.
- 6. Public opinion is one of the main criteria. official assessment of police activities determined by federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs.
- 7. Under the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs and territorial bodies are formed public tips that are designed to ensure social coordination significant interests of citizens of the Russian Federation, federal public authorities, public authorities subjects of the Russian Federation, local authorities, public associations, human rights, religious and other organizations, including professional associations entrepreneurs to solve the most important issues of activity Police by:
- attracting citizens and public associations to implement public policy in the field of public order, public safety and resilience crime;
- 2) participation in the development and review of concepts, programs, initiatives of public associations and citizens on the most relevant police issues;
- 3) conducting a public examination of federal projects laws and other regulatory legal acts on the issues of the police;
- 4) discussion of issues relating to the activities of the police, in in mass media;
- 5) implementation of public control over the activity the police.
- 8. Public councils are formed on the basis of voluntary participation in their activities of citizens of the Russian Federation, public associations and organizations in the manner prescribed by President of the Russian Federation.

### Article 10. Interaction and cooperation

- 1. Police in carrying out their activities interacts with other law enforcement agencies state and municipal bodies, public associations, organizations and citizens.
- 2. Police in the performance of their duties can take advantage of state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations in order, established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 3. The police, within their authority, assists state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations in ensuring the protection of the rights and freedoms of citizens, observance of law and order, and also provides support development of civil initiatives in the field of prevention offenses and law enforcement.
- 4. State and municipal bodies, public associations, organizations and officials should provide assisting the police in carrying out their duties.
- 5. Police interaction with law enforcement foreign states and international police organizations carried out in accordance with international treaties Russian Federation.

Article 11. The use of the achievements of science and technology, modern technology and information systems

1. The police in their activities must use <a href="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=1&print=1&pr

achievements of science and technology, information systems, communication networks, and also modern information and telecommunication infrastructure.

- 2. Police in the manner prescribed by law.
  Russian Federation, applies electronic forms of admission and registration of documents, notifications on the provision of government services, interactions with other law enforcement bodies, state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations.
- 3. Police use technical equipment, including funds. audio, photo and video recordings, when documenting circumstances committing crimes, administrative offenses, circumstances of incidents, including in public places, and also to record the actions of police officers performing duties assigned to them.
- 4. The federal executive body in the field of internal cases provides the police the ability to use Internet information and telecommunications network, automated information systems, integrated banks data.

Chapter 3. Duties and Rights of the Police

Section 12. Police Responsibilities

- 1. The following duties are assigned to the police: 1) to accept and register (including in electronic form) statements and reports of crimes of administrative offenses, incidents; issue to applicants on the basis of personal applications for notification of the reception and registration of their written allegations of crimes, administrative offenses, on accidents; exercise according to jurisdiction verification of allegations and reports of crimes, administrative offenses about incidents and take on such statements and reportedly measures stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation to inform applicants about the progress of such review. statements and messages in the terms established by law Russian Federation, but at least once a month; pass on (send) statements and reports on crimes administrative offenses about incidents in public and municipal bodies, organizations or officials to whose competencies include the resolution of relevant issues, with notification of this within 24 hours of the applicant; inform relevant state and municipal bodies, organizations and officials of these bodies and organizations about known police facts requiring their prompt response; 2) arrive immediately to the crime scene, administrative offense, place of incident, nip
- 2) arrive immediately to the crime scene, administrative offense, place of incident, nip illegal acts, eliminate threats to the safety of citizens and public safety, document the circumstances committing a crime, an administrative offense, circumstances of the accident, to ensure the safety of traces crimes, administrative offenses, incidents;
- 3) provide first aid to victims of crimes, administrative offenses and accidents, as well as in a helpless state or in condition dangerous to their life and health if specialized assistance cannot be received by them in a timely or absent manner;
- 4) identify the causes of crimes and administrative offenses and conditions conducive to their commission are taken in the limits of their authority to eliminate them; identify individuals intending to commit a crime, and carry with them individual preventive work; participate in prevention neglect and juvenile delinquency; to participate in promotion of legal knowledge;
- 5) to ensure the safety of citizens and public order on streets, squares, stadiums, squares, parks, transport highways, railway stations, airports, sea and river ports and other public places;
- 6) to provide, together with representatives of the authorities executive authorities of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation, bodies local government and organizers of meetings, rallies, demonstrations, processions and other public events (hereinafter public events) safety of citizens and public order, render in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation assistance to organizers of sports, entertainment and other mass events (hereinafter mass events) in ensuring security of citizens and public order in the venues these activities;
- 7) to take urgent measures in emergency situations to rescue of citizens, protection of property left unattended, assist in these conditions the smooth operation of rescue services; ensure public order during quarantine activities during epidemics and epizooty;
- 8) in accordance with jurisdiction established by the criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation, to initiate criminal cases, to make inquiries in criminal cases, the production of a preliminary investigation of which is optional; http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

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carry out urgent investigative actions in criminal cases,
the production of a preliminary investigation is mandatory;
     9) to execute decisions of the court (judge) within his authority,
written instructions of the investigator, the head of the investigative
body, the body of inquiry on the production of individual investigative
actions, carrying out operational investigative measures, arrest
persons suspected and accused of committing crimes, about
the production of other proceedings, to assist in
their implementation;
     10) to carry out operational investigative activities in order to
detection, prevention, suppression and detection of crimes,
to ensure their own security, as well as for other purposes,
stipulated by federal law;
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11) suppress administrative offenses and implement proceedings on cases of administrative offenses, referred by the legislation on administrative offenses to police jurisdiction;

12) carry out the search for persons who have committed crimes or suspects and defendants; persons hiding from bodies of inquiry, investigation or trial; minors arbitrarily gone from families or specialized agencies for minors in need of social rehabilitation; juveniles who left special places without permission closed educational institutions; evaders from the enforcement of the medical measures imposed by the court nature or coercive educational measures; persons that evading involuntary hospitalization ordered by the court in connection with the presence of a mental disorder; persons missing without lead; Persons for whom administrative supervision has been established, who did not arrive at the place of its implementation or who left without permission him; to search for foreign citizens and stateless persons, arbitrarily leaving special institutions designed to the maintenance of foreign citizens and stateless persons subject to administrative expulsion from the Russian Federation or deportation, or foreign citizens and stateless persons, to be transferred by the Russian Federation to a foreign state in accordance with the international treaty of the Russian Federation on readmission, or foreign citizens and stateless persons, adopted by the Russian Federation from a foreign state in accordance with the international treaty of the Russian Federation on readmission but without legal basis for stay (residence) in the Russian Federation; search stolen property; establish property subject to confiscations; ensure participation in the court session of a person against which the issue of establishing or extending administrative supervision or on the addition of previously established administrative restrictions in the case of filing an administrative the claim by the territorial authority ; (As amended by the federal  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$ Laws of 07.07.2013 N 185- $\Phi$ 3; dated 08.03.2015, N 23- $\Phi$ 3; from 07/03/2016 N 305- $\Phi$ 3; of 05.28.2017 N 102- $\Phi$ 3 )

13) in the manner determined by the federal executive body authorities in the field of internal affairs and the federal executive body authorities responsible for the development and implementation of public policy and regulations in sphere of execution of criminal sentences, to assist institutions and bodies of the penitentiary system in the implementation of the search and detention of persons who have escaped from guards, persons evading criminal punishment, receiving instructions about the direction to the place of serving the sentence or who have not arrived at the place of serving the sentence in the specified prescription term; in ensuring the safety of citizens and public order when introducing a regime of special conditions in correctional institution in accordance with the penitentiary the legislation of the Russian Federation; inform the administration correctional institution to extend the return convict to a correctional institution, if such an extension carried out in accordance with Article 97 Criminal Executive Code of the Russian Federation ; 14) contain, guard, escort detainees and (or) imprisoned persons held in temporary detention centers the contents of suspected and accused internal affairs bodies, and also persons subject to administrative punishment in the form administrative arrest; convoy contained in investigative the detention facilities of the penitentiary system custody of persons to participate in investigative actions or judicial during the proceedings legal proceedings; execute court decisions (judges) on deprivation driving license rights juvenile delinquents in special closed educational institutions: (Edited Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 227- $\Phi$ 3 )

15) to take measures to identify persons who, as of health, age or other reasons can not provide information about yourself, as well as measures to identify unidentified corpses; 16) to take measures in accordance with federal law

aimed at prevention, detection and suppression  $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right)$ extremist activities of public associations, religious and other organizations, citizens;

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17) to participate in activities to counter terrorism and
in ensuring the legal regime of a counterterrorist operation, and
also in protecting the potential targets of terrorist
infringements and places of mass stay of citizens; (Edited
Federal Law of July 3, 2016 N 227-FZ )
      18) to conduct in accordance with the legislation of the Russian
Federation of expertise in criminal and administrative cases
offenses, as well as research on materials
operational investigative activities;
     19) to exercise state control (supervision) of
compliance with rules, standards, technical regulations and other requirements
regulatory documents in the field of road safety
movement; regulate traffic; execute documents about
traffic accident; exercise state
accounting of the main indicators of road safety
movement; take management exams
motor vehicles, trams, trolley buses and
issue a driver's license; register in order
established by the legislation of the Russian Federation,
motor vehicles and trailers to them and issue in
established cases of certificate of admission to transport
dangerous goods; exercise on the grounds and in the manner that
provided by the Government of the Russian Federation, escort
Vehicle; negotiate oversized routes
vehicles and by law
Russian Federation cases - heavy vehicles;
(As amended by federal laws of 01.07.2011, N 170-FZ; from
07/13/2015 N 248-Φ3)
      20) (Abolished - Federal Law
of 03.07.2016 N 227-Φ3)
21) participate in the manner determined by the federal authority
executive in the field of internal affairs and federal authority
executive authority in the field of arms trafficking in
storage control measures
(safety) of civil, service, combat and award
weapons, ammunition, owned weapons
or in the temporary use of citizens; in areas in which
there are no divisions of the territorial body of the federal
executive authority authorized in the sphere of turnover
weapons, confiscate weapons belonging to the deceased owner;
destroy weapons, ammunition, ammunition, seized by the police
in criminal cases; (As amended by Federal Law
from 05.12.2017 N 391-\Phi3
22) to conduct in the direction of the federal
                                                     authority
executive authority responsible for the development and
implementation of public policy and regulatory
the regulation of the activities of the national guard troops
Russian Federation, in the field of arms trafficking, in the field of private
security activities and in the field of private security,
control shooting from civilian and service firearms
rifle barrels except newly manufactured
weapons before its implementation; carry out in the prescribed manner
reception and storage of seized, voluntarily surrendered and found
fire, gas, cold and other weapons, ammunition,
ammunition for weapons, explosive devices, explosives;
receive, store and destroy the seized, voluntarily
surrendered and found narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and
their precursors; (As amended by Federal Law
dated 05.12.2017 N 391-\Phi3 )
23) (Expired - Federal Law
\frac{\text{dated }05.12.2017 \text{ N }391-\Phi3}{\text{O}} ) 24) upon receipt of a request from the federal authority
executive authority responsible for the development and
implementation of public policy and regulatory
the regulation of the activities of the national guard troops
Russian Federation, in the field of arms trafficking, in the field of private
security activities and in the field of private security,
provide information in order to reach an opinion on
impossibility of admission to private security activities
in connection with the increased risk of violation of the rights and freedoms of citizens,
a threat to public safety
impossibility of admission to the implementation of a private detective
activities in connection with the increased risk of violation of rights and
freedoms of citizens, the emergence of a threat to public safety; (AT of the wording of the Federal Law of 05.12.2017 N 391-\Phi3)
25) to provide, in cooperation with the federal authorities
security services in the manner prescribed by the Government
Russian Federation, the protection of diplomatic missions,
consular offices, other official representations
foreign states, international organizations,
if such protection is provided for by international treaties
Russian Federation; (As amended by Federal Law
dated July 3, 2016 N 227-\Phi3)
      26) to exercise control (supervision) over the compliance by persons
released from prison established for them by the court
in accordance with federal law of prohibitions and restrictions;
to participate in monitoring the behavior of convicts,
sentenced to non-custodial sentences, or
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21/11/2018 About the police sentence of imprisonment; 27) to conduct in accordance with federal law state fingerprint registration and state genomic registration; 28) to carry out in accordance with federal law state protection of victims, witnesses and other participants criminal proceedings, judges, prosecutors, investigators, law enforcement and regulatory officials, and also other protected persons; 29) to participate in ensuring the regime of martial law and of a state of emergency in the case of their introduction on the territory The Russian Federation or in some of its localities; 30) to assist the border agencies of the federal security services in carrying out activities to protect State borders of the Russian Federation, to participate in monitoring compliance with the border regime, provide according to the views of the border agencies of the federal security services temporary access restriction or prohibition citizens to certain areas of land or objects near The state border of the Russian Federation during border searches and operations, while repelling armed invasions on the territory of the Russian Federation or when impeding illegal mass intersections of the State border of the Russian Federation: 31) to take measures in accordance with federal law suppression during election campaigns, in the preparation and the holding of referendums contrary to the electoral law campaigning, referendum campaigning, inform election commissions, referendum commissions on the facts revealed violations and measures taken in connection with this; provide by requests from election commissions, referendum commissions the presence of not canceled or outstanding convictions of persons who are candidates for the post of President of the Russian Federation, candidates for deputies of legislative (representative) bodies state authorities, candidates for elected local self-government; guard the premises where they are stored ballots for elections, referendums; to participate in ensuring the safety of citizens and public order in voting premises and in the areas around them; render at the request of election commissions, referendum commissions other assistance to ensure smooth implementation by these commissions, the powers vested in them by the federal by law; 32) make an opinion on the possibility of admitting persons to perform works directly related to the provision of transport security; (As amended by Federal Law of 03.02.2014, N 33) to monitor compliance with citizens Of the Russian Federation and officials of the procedure for registration and removal of citizens of the Russian Federation from registration place of residence and place of residence within the Russian Federation, as well as compliance with foreign citizens and individuals stateless temporary or permanent residence, temporary stay in the Russian Federation, entry into the Russian Federation Federation, departure from the Russian Federation, transit through the territory of the Russian Federation and labor activities foreign workers; (As amended by Federal Law from 03.07.2016 N 305-Φ3 ) 34) send materials to the tax authority and (or) territorial body of the Social Security Fund of the Russian Federation for making decisions on them in identifying the circumstances requiring actions attributed by law The Russian Federation to the authority of the tax authorities or territorial bodies of the Social Insurance Fund of the Russian Federation, within ten days from the date of identification of these circumstances; (As amended by Federal Law of 29.07.2017, N 272- $\Phi$ 3) 35) to assist the health authorities in the delivery to medical organizations by a court decision of persons refusing to appear on call to these organizations; participate with the authorities health care in the cases and manner provided the legislation of the Russian Federation, in the observation of persons suffering from mental disorders, alcohol or addiction and danger to others, in order to prevention of their commission of crimes and administrative offenses; assist medical professionals in implementation of court-ordered involuntary hospitalization of persons in medical organizations as well as provide medical employees safe conditions for access to these persons and their inspection; 36) to render assistance to state and municipal bodies, deputies of legislative (representative) bodies

bodies, deputies of legislative (representative) bodies state authorities, deputies of representative bodies municipalities, registered candidates for position of the President of the Russian Federation, registered candidates for deputies of legislative (representative) bodies state authorities, candidates for local self-government, officials, members of election commissions, http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

referendum commissions, representatives of public associations and organizations in the exercise of their legitimate activities if they there is opposition or danger; inform senior officials of the Russian Federation (heads of the highest executive bodies of state power constituent entities of the Russian Federation) and elected officials of the local self-government (heads of municipalities) on the state law and order in the relevant territory; 37) to withdraw from citizens and officials documents having signs of forgery, as well as things withdrawn from civilian traffic or limited turnover, they are without special permission, with the drawing up of the protocol and its presentation copies to the specified citizens and officials; 38) to ensure the safety of those found and handed over to the police documents, things, treasures, valuables and other property, their return to the rightful owners or transfer to the appropriate state or municipal authorities ; 39) provide for inter-agency requests from the authorities state authorities, local governments, providing state or municipal services, information whether the person has outstanding or not conviction, if for the provision of state or municipal services The provision of such information or a document containing such information in the specified state bodies or local governments; (Item added - Federal law of 01.07.2011, N  $169-\Phi3$ ) 40) to ensure the creation and maintenance of a single automated technical inspection information system; (Item added -Federal Law of 01.07.2011, N 170- $\Phi$ 3 41) to assist the bailiffs in the manner, determined by the federal executive body in the field of Internal Affairs and the federal executive body, performing regulatory functions in the sphere of ensuring the established order of the courts and execution of judicial acts and acts of other bodies, in the implementation the search for a citizen - a defendant in a civil case, as well as the debtor, the property of the debtor or the search for a child by the executive documents; (Item added - Federal law of 03.12.2011, N  $389-\Phi 3$ ) 42) (Clause is added - Federal Law of 03.02.2014, N 8-FZ) (Abolished - Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 227-FZ) 43) to monitor the activities of legal entities and individual entrepreneurs associated with drug trafficking drugs, psychotropic substances and their precursors; (Item added -Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305- $\Phi$ 3 ) 44) to carry out the issuance of permits provided for the legislation of the Russian Federation on narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and their precursors. (Item added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N  $305-\Phi3$  ) 2. Other duties may be assigned to the police only by amending this Federal Law. 3. The procedure for performing the duties assigned to the police, if it is not subject to federal laws, regulatory acts of the President of the Russian Federation or regulatory legal acts of the Government of the Russian Federation, determined by the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs. Section 13. Police Rights 1. Police to carry out their duties The following rights are granted: 1) request from citizens and officials termination illegal actions, as well as actions preventing legal activities of state and municipal bodies, deputies legislative (representative) bodies of state power, deputies of representative bodies of municipalities, members of election commissions, referendum commissions, as well as activities of public associations; 2) to check identity documents of citizens, if there are data that give reason to suspect them of committing crime or believe they are wanted, or if there is reason to initiate proceedings against these citizens administrative offense, as well as if there are grounds for their detention in cases provided for by federal law; check with citizens, officials, public associations and organizations permits (licenses) and other documents to commit certain actions or the implementation of a certain type activities, control (supervision) of which is entrusted to the police in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation; 3) to call the police citizens and officials investigating criminal cases and pending cases administrative offenses, as well as in connection with the verification registered in the prescribed manner statements and reports of offenses of administrative offenses on incidents whose resolution is within the competence of the police; receive in such cases, materials, statements and reports, including including on the instructions of the investigator and the investigator,

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explanations, references, documents (their copies); drive in the police in the cases and manner prescribed by federal law, citizens and officials who, without good reason, evade attendance on call;

- 4) in connection with the investigated criminal cases and being in proceedings on administrative offenses, as well as in communication with the check registered in the prescribed manner allegations and reports of crimes, administrative offenses, about incidents whose resolution is related to police competence to request and receive at no charge upon a motivated request from authorized police officers from state and municipal bodies, public associations, organizations, officials and citizens of information, certificates, documents (their copies), other necessary information, including personal data of citizens, except when Federal law establishes a special procedure for obtaining information in the manner determined by the federal authority executive in the field of internal affairs and federal authority executive power to carry out public policy and regulations in health care, request and receive from medical organizations information about citizens, received with injuries and injuries of a violent nature or with injuries and injuries resulting from road accidents about citizens having medical contraindications or restrictions to driving activity, and also about persons recognized as drug addicts or consuming narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances without appointment doctor or new potentially dangerous psychoactive substances on whom the judge in the appointment of an administrative penalty imposed the obligation to undergo diagnostics, preventive measures, drug treatment and / or medical and / or social drug rehabilitation or psychotropic substances without a prescription or new potentially hazardous psychoactive substances; (As amended by federal laws from 28.06.2013, N 134-FZ; from 03.07.2016 N 305-Φ3) 5) unhindered upon presentation of a certificate of employment
- 5) unhindered upon presentation of a certificate of employment to attend in connection with the investigated criminal cases and those in proceedings on administrative offenses, as well as in connection with the check registered in the prescribed manner allegations and reports of crimes, administrative offenses, about incidents whose resolution is related to the competence of the police, state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations to get acquainted with the necessary documents and materials, including personal data citizens related to the investigation of criminal cases proceedings on administrative offenses, verification allegations and reports of crimes, administrative offenses, incidents;
- 6) to patrol settlements and public places, equip control and checkpoints if necessary items, put up posts, including stationary, and barriers, use other forms of public order;
- 7) require citizens (groups of citizens) to leave the place committing a crime, administrative offense, place accidents if necessary for investigative action, operational and investigative activities, documentation the circumstances of the crime, administrative offense, circumstances of the incident, to save traces offense, administrative offense, incident, for ensuring the safety of citizens; in order to protect life, health and property of citizens not to allow them to separate parts of the terrain and facilities either require staying at the appropriate sites terrain and facilities or leave them; refer to groups of citizens whose presence in public places is not related to ongoing legally public and mass events, with requirement to disperse or move to another place, if any a crowd of citizens creates a threat to their life and health, life and the health of other citizens, property objects, disrupts the work organizations that impede the movement of vehicles and pedestrians;
- 8) to draw up protocols on administrative offenses, collect evidence cases of administrative offenses, to apply other measures prescribed by legislation on administrative offenses;
- 9) to produce in the cases and manner provided the criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation, investigative and other legal proceedings;
- 10) to conduct operational search activities; produce in the implementation of operational and investigative activities withdrawal documents, items, materials and messages and other actions provided for by federal law; announce a search and take steps to trace offenders or suspects and accused of their perpetration, persons missing without other persons whose search is entrusted to the police by this Federal law, as well as declare a search and take measures to search of stolen or stolen vehicles stolen property, property subject to confiscation;

11) to apply in the process of control (supervision) carried out in accordance with clause 26 of part 1 of article 12 of this Federal law, federal monitoring measures the course of social rehabilitation of persons released from places of deprivation freedom;

- 12) to contribute in accordance with federal law managers and officials of organizations binding ideas about eliminating the causes and conditions conducive to threats to the safety of citizens and public safety, the commission of crimes and administrative offenses;
- 13) to deliver citizens, that is, to carry out their compulsory forwarding to the office of a territorial body or police units, to the premises of the municipal body, to other office space in order to address the issue of the detention of a citizen (if it is impossible to resolve this issue on the spot); of setting the identity of a citizen, if there is reason to believe that he is wanted as hiding from the bodies of inquiry, the investigation or court, or as evading the execution of criminal punishment, either as missing; protect the citizen from immediate threats to his life and health if he is not capable take care of yourself or if danger cannot be avoided otherwise method, as well as in other cases stipulated by the federal by law with the drawing up of a protocol in the manner prescribed parts 14 and 15 of article 14 of this Federal Law;
- 14) deliver citizens who are in public places in a state of alcoholic, narcotic or other toxic intoxication and lost the ability to move independently or to navigate in the environment, in medical organizations; deliver by written request of citizens to medical organization or in the office of the territorial authority or police units co-located with them in the home of citizens in a state of alcoholic, narcotic or other toxic intoxication if there is reason to believe that they can cause damage to life and health of citizens, damage to property; guide and (or) to deliver for medical examination in relevant medical organizations of citizens to determine the presence in the body of alcohol or drugs, if The result of the survey is required to confirm either denying the fact of a crime or administrative offense, for the investigation of a criminal case, for objective consideration of the case of an administrative offense, as well as carry out the examination of these citizens on state of intoxication in the manner prescribed by the Government Russian Federation;
- 15) deliver juvenile offenders or antisocial acts, as well as street and street children in detention centers for minors offenders of internal affairs bodies, in specialized institutions for minors in need of social rehabilitation, or in the office space of the territorial authority or police units on the grounds and in the manner that stipulated by federal law;
- 16) to carry out in the manner prescribed by legislation on administrative offenses, personal search of citizens, inspection things in their possession, as well as inspection of their vehicles given the evidence that these citizens carry weapons, ammunition, ammunition, explosives, explosives devices, narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances or their precursors either poisonous or radioactive substances, seize specified objects, means and substances in the absence of legal reasons for wearing or storing them; take part in the inspection passengers, their carry-on baggage and baggage on rail, water or air transport, metro or carry out such inspection independently in order to seize items and items prohibited for transportation by vehicles;
- 17) to request for examination in writing request of authorized police officials from organizations regardless of ownership, providing samples and catalogs of their products, technical and technological documentation and other information materials necessary for production expertise; conduct research on subjects and documents in the presence of signs being prepared, committed or a committed wrongful act; conduct an examination (research) of documents seized from citizens and officials having signs of forgery, as well as things seized from civil turnover or limited turnover, they are without special permission, and according to the results of such examination (research) return these documents and items to the owners, or attach them as evidence in the case or destroy in the procedure established by the Government of the Russian Federation, or transfer to destination in the prescribed manner;
- 18) carry out in order to ensure the safety of citizens and public order in conjunction with the organizers of public and mass events personal inspection of citizens who are with them things when passing on the territory of buildings, on terrain or to public places where such events are held, with the use of technical equipment, if necessary, and the refusal of the citizen to undergo a personal examination to prevent him from http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

such territories, parts of the locality and in such public places; 19) to register, photograph, audio, film and video filming, fingerprinting of persons detained on suspicion of committing a crime in custody, accused of committing an offense subject to administrative punishment administrative arrest, other detained persons, if during set the period of detention to reliably establish their identity It was not possible, as well as other persons in accordance with federal law; 20) stop vehicles if necessary to fulfill police responsibilities road safety check documents for the right use and management, documents for vehicles and transported goods, the presence of a mandatory insurance policy third party liability insurance facilities; carry out with the participation of drivers or citizens, accompanying goods, inspection of vehicles and cargo at suspicion that they are used for unlawful purposes, with drawing up a relevant act; delay transport funds wanted; temporarily restrict or prohibit traffic, change traffic individual sections of the road during public and mass events and in other cases in order to create the necessary conditions for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians or if vehicle use threatens safety road traffic; temporarily restrict or ban road movement at level crossings that do not comply with their rules keeping safe for traffic; to issue in the prescribed manner permits for installation on transport means of devices for supplying special light and sound signals, conventional marks (signals); 21) require state and municipal bodies, public associations and organization of events, stipulated by the legislation on road safety movement; restrict or prohibit road holding repair and construction and other works carried out in violation requirements of regulatory legal acts in the field of road safety; hold up vehicles and remove drivers from driving in cases and the procedure stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation; prohibit the operation of motor vehicles and trailers for them, tractors and other self-propelled machines in the presence of technical faults that endanger road safety movement of vehicles whose owners are not satisfied statutory insurance obligation civil liability as well as vehicles having hidden, fake, modified numbers of components and assemblies or fake, altered state license plates, and equal to having a label that does not correspond to the data specified in registration documents; in the exercise of state control (supervision) in the field of road safety movements to conduct inspections of organizations and individual entrepreneurs, to issue to officials of these organizations and individual entrepreneurs regulations on elimination of identified violations, including violations of the requirements regulatory legal acts in the field of security traffic in the construction, repair, reconstruction and road maintenance; (As amended by federal laws of July 01, 2011 N 170-FZ; dated 10.14.2014, N 307- $\Phi$ 3 ) 22) to inspect storage, trade, collectibles and exposing a weapon, the main parts of a firearm, if there are data that give reason to suspect citizens of committing crime, or there is reason to initiate proceedings administrative offense; check documents with citizens confirming the legality of their possession (use) by civil or service weapon; (As amended by Federal Law dated 03.07.2016 N 227-Φ3 ) 23) (Abolished - Federal Law of 05.12.2017 N 391- $\Phi$ 3 ) 24) (Abolished - Federal Law of 05.12.2017 N 391- $\Phi$ 3 ) 25 a) to ensure security and anti-terrorism security, including the use of technical means buildings, structures, premises and other facilities of the federal authority executive authority in the field of internal affairs, its territorial bodies, organizations and divisions; demand from citizens adherence to and intra-object regimes on protected police facilities; carry out inspection and (or) inspection of citizens, inspection of things in their possession, inspection and (or) inspection vehicles at the entrance to the protected objects and exit from protected objects; in identifying violations that create protected objects are a threat to the safety of citizens, including serving (working) in the internal affairs bodies, as well as conditions conducive to theft of property, to take measures to suppression of the specified violations and liquidation of the specified conditions use to detect and seize illegally introduced (exported), imported (exported) property, things, objects and for fixing illegal actions technical means not

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harm to life and health of citizens, as well as the surrounding
environment; (As amended by Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 227-FZ)
      26) (Abolished - Federal Law
of 03.07.2016, N 227-Φ3)
27) participate in inspections conducted by authorized
federal executive bodies of state
control (supervision) in the field of transport safety; (Edited
Federal Law of 03.02.2014, N 15-\Phi3
     28) to participate in tax audits upon tax requests
authorities of the Russian Federation , as well as in inspections of payers
insurance premiums (insurers) at the request of the tax authorities
or territorial bodies of the Social Insurance Fund
Russian Federation; (As amended by the Federal Law of July 29, 2017
N 272-Φ3)
     29) to receive in order to prevent, detect and disclose
crimes in accordance with the legislation of the Russian
Federation information constituting a tax secret;
     30) apply under the conditions and in the manner prescribed by
federal law, measures of state protection of victims,
witnesses and other participants in criminal proceedings, judges,
prosecutors, investigators, law enforcement officials and
regulatory authorities, as well as other protected persons;
     31) apply during the period of martial law or
state of emergency, during the period of the counter-terrorism
operations measures and temporary restrictions set by the federal
constitutional laws and federal laws;
     32) receive, take into account, store, classify,
use, issue and destroy in accordance with
the legislation of the Russian Federation
information and genomic information;
    33) use in the activities of information systems, video
and audio equipment, film and photographic equipment, as well as other technical
and special means that do not harm life and health
citizens as well as the environment; keep video banks and video libraries
persons undergoing (passing) on the cases and materials of inspections
the police; form, manage and use data banks
operational reference, forensic,
forensic, investigative and other information about persons
objects and facts; use databanks of others
government bodies and organizations, including personal
data of citizens, unless otherwise provided by federal law;
     34) to involve citizens with their consent to freelance
cooperation; establish tacit collaboration with
citizens expressing a desire to provide confidentially
assistance to the police free of charge or for a fee;
announce rewards for disclosure assistance
of crimes and detention of the persons who committed them, and pay it
citizens; encourage citizens to assist the police in carrying out
other duties assigned to it; involve for consultation in
established procedure of state and municipal specialists
bodies, organizations with their salary
(payroll) at the main place of work (service);
     35) use at no cost the possibilities of funds
mass information and telecommunication network
Internet for posting information in order to establish
the circumstances of the crimes, the persons who committed them, and
to search for persons hiding from the bodies of inquiry, preliminary
investigations or trials and missing persons;
    36) unimpeded use for business purposes
communications owned by state-owned enterprises, institutions and
organizations, and in cases that do not wait, - means
communications owned by non-state enterprises, institutions and
organizations, as well as public associations and citizens;
    37) use in cases that are not urgent,
vehicles owned by state and
municipal bodies, public associations and organizations (for
exclusion of vehicles belonging to diplomatic
representative offices and consular offices of foreign
international organizations), and in
exceptional cases - vehicles owned
citizens, for the suppression of crimes, prosecution of persons
committed or suspected of having committed a crime, for
delivery to medical organizations of citizens in need
emergency medical assistance for towing
traffic accident damaged traffic
funds for travel to the crime scene,
administrative offense to the scene, removing
if necessary drivers from managing these transport
funds, with compensation in the prescribed federal law
order at the request of vehicle owners incurred
their expenses or material damage caused by them ;
38) to conduct in accordance with the legislation of the Russian
Federation of verification of legal entities and individual
entrepreneurs engaged in activities related to the turnover
narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and their precursors;
(The item has been added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      39) issue, in the established manner, the
the legislation of the Russian Federation on narcotic drugs,
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psychotropic substances and about their precursors prescriptions and conclusions. (Item added - Federal law

of 03.07.2016 N 305- $\Phi$ 3 ) 2. The right to perform the actions provided for in paragraphs 20

and 21 of part 1 of this article, provided specifically authorized police officers.

- 3. The procedure for exercising the rights granted to the police, if not subject to federal laws regulatory acts of the President of the Russian Federation or regulatory legal acts of the Government of the Russian Federation, determined by the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs.
- 4. Requirements (requests, submissions, prescriptions) authorized police officers as provided in paragraphs 4, 12, 17, 21, 22, 27 of part 1 of this article are mandatory for performance by all state and municipal authorities, organizations, officials and other persons in terms specified in the request (request, submission, prescription), but no later than one month from the date of delivery of the request (request, representations, prescriptions). (As amended by federal laws from 07.03.2016 N 227- $\Phi$ 3; dated 05.12.2017 N 391- $\Phi$ 3)

Chapter 4. The police use of individual measures of state coercion

Article 14. Detention

- 1. The police protects the right of everyone to freedom and personal inviolability. Until judgment in the cases established this Federal Law and other federal laws, the person cannot be detained for more than 48 hours.
  - 2. The police have the right to detain:
- persons suspected of committing a crime, as well as persons in respect of which a preventive measure was chosen in the form of a conclusion under guards - on the grounds, in the manner and for the period provided the criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation;
- 2) persons who have escaped from custody, persons evading from serving a criminal sentence, from obtaining an order direction to the place of serving the sentence or not arriving at the place serving the sentence within the time period specified in that order, before transferring them to the appropriate authorities, institutions or officials the persons of these bodies and institutions;
- 3) persons who evade administrative punishment in the form of administrative arrest before being transferred to places of serving administrative arrest;
- 4) wanted persons prior to their transfer relevant bodies, institutions or officials of these organs and institutions;
- 5) persons in respect of whom proceedings are being conducted in cases of administrative offenses on the grounds, in the manner and on term that is stipulated by the legislation on administrative offenses:
- 6) servicemen and citizens of the Russian Federation, called to military charges suspected of committing a crime to the transfer of their military police of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation , commanders of military units or military commissars; (Edited Federal Law of 03.02.2014, N  $7-\Phi3$ )
- 7) persons evading the execution of their appointed court coercive measures of a medical nature or coercive measures educational impact, - before transferring them to institutions, enforcing such measures;
- 8) persons who evade from going to specialized medical institutions for execution appointed by the court medical coercive measures - on the grounds the procedure and for the period stipulated by federal law;
- 9) persons who have committed a violation of the rules of curfew according to grounds, in the manner and for the period provided for by the federal constitutional law;
- 10) persons who illegally entered or attempted to enter protected objects until the identification of the person, but for a period not exceeding three hours:
- 11) persons attempting suicide or having signs of pronounced mental disorder and creating their own actions are a danger to themselves and others, before transferring them to medical institutions or at the place of residence;
- 12) persons who have escaped from a psychiatric treatment institutions or hiding from a court-ordered involuntary hospitalization in such an institution before transferring them to mental health facility;
- 13) persons in respect of whom an extradition request has been received, before transferring them to a foreign state on the grounds, in the manner and for the period stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation or an international treaty of the Russian Federation.
- 3. In each case of detention, a police officer must perform the actions provided for in paragraph 4 of Article 5 of this Federal Law, and also to explain to the person subjected detention (hereinafter the detainee), his right to legal assistance, the right to translation services, the right to notify relatives http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

relatives or close persons about the fact of his arrest, the right to refusal to give an explanation.

- 4. The period of detention shall be calculated from the moment of actual restrictions on the freedom of movement of a person. Administrative term detention is calculated in accordance with the legislation on administrative offenses.
- 5. The detained person has the right to use in accordance with Federal law services of a lawyer (defender) and a translator with moment of detention.
- 6. Detained persons, items and documents attached to them, and also their vehicles are inspected in order, established by legislation on administrative offenses unless otherwise established by federal law. by law.
- 7. Detained person as soon as possible, but not later than three hours from the moment of detention, unless otherwise specified the criminal procedure legislation of the Russian Federation, has the right to one telephone conversation in order to notify loved ones relatives or close persons about their detention and place finding Such notification at the request of the detainee may make a police officer.
- 8. In each case of the detention of a minor, the police promptly notify his parents or other legal representatives.
- 9. The police notify about the detention of a soldier. the command of the military unit in which he does military service.
- 10. On the detention of a foreign citizen or national foreign state police notify embassy (consulate) of the relevant state in accordance with legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 11. The right to telephone conversation is not granted and notification is not carried out in cases where detainees are the persons specified in paragraphs 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 12 part 2 of this article.
- 12. The police shall, if necessary, take measures to provide detained person first aid, as well as measures to eliminate caused by the arrest of a threat to the life and health of citizens or property objects.
- 13. The police in the manner determined by the federal authority executive in the field of internal affairs; a register of persons detained. The information contained in the registry can not be transferred to third parties, except stipulated by federal law.
- 14. A report is drawn up on the detention, which states date, time and place of its compilation, position, surname and initials police officer who made the protocol, information about the detainee grounds, date, time, place, grounds and reasons for detention, as well as the fact of notifying close relatives or close persons of the detainee faces.
- 15. The protocol on detention is signed by the person a police officer and a detainee. In case the detainee the person refuses to sign the protocol, in the arrest report an entry is made. A copy of the protocol is handed detained person.
- 16. Detainees are held in specially designated this premises under the protection of conditions that exclude the threat of their life and health. Conditions of detention, diet and order medical care for detainees are determined Government of the Russian Federation. Detainees before placement in specially designated premises and after the end of the detention period are examined, the results which are recorded in the protocol of detention.

Article 15. Entry (penetration) into residential and other premises, on land plots and territories

- 1. The police protect the right of everyone to immunity.  $\mbox{dwellings.}$
- 2. Police officers may not enter residential premises. apart from the will of the citizens living in them except in the cases and the procedure established by federal constitutional laws, this Federal Law and other federal laws.
- 3. Penetration of police officers in residential premises, in other premises and on land owned by citizens in premises, land plots and territories occupied organizations (except for premises, land and territories of diplomatic missions and consular offices institutions of foreign states, representative offices of international organizations) is allowed in cases stipulated legislation of the Russian Federation, as well as:
- to save the lives of citizens and (or) their property, ensuring the safety of citizens or public safety under riots and emergency situations;
- 2) for the detention of persons suspected of committing crimes;
  - 3) to prevent a crime;
  - 4) to establish the circumstances of the accident.
  - 4. When entering residential premises, other premises and

land owned by citizens in the premises on land plots and territories occupied by organizations in cases provided for in part 3 of this article, the employee the police have the right, if necessary, to hack (destruction) locking devices, elements and structures that prevent penetration into the indicated premises and the indicated land sites and territories, and inspection of objects there and

- 5. Police officer performing the entry (penetration) in residential premises, must:
- before entering a dwelling, notify there are citizens on the grounds of entry, except cases where delay causes an immediate threat to life and health of citizens and police officers or may entail other grave consequences;
- 2) when entering a dwelling in addition to the will of those who are there citizens use safe ways and means with respect treat the honor, dignity, life and health of citizens, not allow without the need to cause damage to their property;
- 3) not to disclose what became known to him in connection with the entry (penetration) of living quarters are facts of private life there are citizens;
- 4) inform the immediate superior and within 24 hours submit a report on the fact of entry into the residential the room.
- 6. About each case of penetration of a police officer into a residential accommodation as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours the moment of entry is informed by the owner of this premises and (or) citizens living there, if such penetration was carried out in their absence.
- 7. About each case of entry into a residential police officer the room apart from the will of the citizens there the prosecutor is notified within  $24\ \text{hours}$ .
- 8. Police take measures to prevent unauthorized access persons in residential premises, in other premises and on land, owned by citizens, in premises, on land and territories occupied by organizations and for the protection of those located there property, if the penetration was accompanied by actions provided for by part 4 of this article.

Article 16. The cordoning off (blocking) of terrain, residential premises, buildings and other objects

- 1. The police protects the right of everyone who is legally on the territory of the Russian Federation, to move freely. Police restriction of freedom of movement of citizens allowed only in cases provided for by this Federal Law and other federal laws.
- 2. The police have the right to carry out the decision of the head territorial body or person replacing him, cordon (blocking) of terrain:
- in the aftermath of accidents, natural disasters and man-made and other emergency situations when quarantine measures during epidemics and / or epizootic;
- 2) when carrying out activities for the prevention and suppression mass riots and other actions that violate the rights and freedoms citizens, traffic, work of communications and organizations; (As amended by Federal Law of July 21, 2014 N 258- $\Phi$ 3)
- 3) when searching for persons who escaped from custody, and persons those who refuse to serve criminal sentences;
- 4) in the prosecution of persons suspected of committing crimes:
- 5) during counter-terrorism operations, verification information on the detection of explosives or explosive devices either poisonous or radioactive substances.
- 3. When cordoning off (blocking) areas of the area can be restricted or prohibited by traffic and pedestrians if necessary to ensure the safety of citizens and public order, investigative actions, operational-investigative activities, protection of the crime scene, administrative offense, the scene, as well as for protect property at risk.
- 4. The cordoning (blocking) can also be carried out in respect of residential premises, buildings and other objects belonging citizens and organizations if necessary to prevent threats to life and health of citizens who cannot be protected in a different way.
- 5. In carrying out the actions specified in parts 2-4 of this article, the police take measures to ensure normal vital activity of the population, explains to citizens the most convenient in this situation, the routes of movement.

Article 17. Formation and maintenance of a data bank on citizens

1. The police have the right to process data on citizens necessary to perform the duties assigned to it, with the subsequent introduction of the information received in the data banks on <a href="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire="http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=10214513&rdk=37&empire=1&nd=102145

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citizens (hereinafter - data banks).
     2. Formation and maintenance of data banks are carried out in
compliance with the requirements established by law
Russian Federation.
    3. The following information is subject to depositing into the data banks:
     1) about persons suspected or accused of committing
     2) on persons convicted of committing a crime;
     3) about persons who committed a crime or publicly
dangerous act and in respect of which the court applied compulsory
medical measures;
     4) about persons in respect of whom a ruling is issued on
termination of criminal prosecution for expiration of the statute of limitations,
in connection with the reconciliation of the parties, due to the act of amnesty, in connection
with active repentance;
    5) about minors released from criminal
responsibility or exempted by the court from punishment using
coercive educational measures; about
juvenile offenders and / or
antisocial acts, about their parents or other legal
Representatives who do not fulfill their parenting responsibilities,
education and / or maintenance of children and (or) adversely affecting
their behavior or abusing them;
    6) on persons in respect of whom
Act of mercy or act of amnesty was applied,
exempt from punishment;
     7) about persons in respect of whom the crime was committed;
     8) about persons who committed an administrative offense;
     9) on persons declared wanted;
     10) about missing persons;
    11) about persons who are helpless and incapable
for health reasons or age, provide information about yourself;
     12) about vehicle owners;
     13) on persons who received a driver's license;
     14) (Abolished - Federal Law
of 03.07.2016, N 227-FZ )
      15) (Abolished - Federal Law
of 05.12.2017, N 391-FZ )
     16) on persons registered with preventive registration;
     17) on persons in respect of whom operational affairs are instituted
accounting:
     18) on persons who have passed the state fingerprint
registration;
     19) on persons who have passed the state genomic registration;
     20) on persons subject to state protection;
    21) (Abolished - Federal Law
of 03.07.2016 N 227-\Phi3)
     22) on persons rehabilitated in accordance with
the legislation of the Russian Federation;
     23) on foreign citizens and stateless persons, in
for whom the decision on deportation or on
administrative expulsion.
     24) about persons - citizens of the Russian Federation,
registered and removed from the place registration
stay or place of residence within the Russian Federation;
(The item was added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 305-FZ)
      25) on persons who received a passport of a Russian citizen
The identity of the citizen of the Russian Federation
in the territory of the Russian Federation or outside the territory
Russian Federation, including those containing electronic media
information; (Item added - Federal law
dated July 03, 2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      26) on minor citizens of the Russian Federation, in
against whom an application of dissent is filed
Russian Federation; (Item added - Federal law
dated July 03, 2016 N 305-\Phi3 )
      27) about the citizens of the Russian Federation who have notified
them of citizenship of a foreign state or document
confirming the right of permanent residence in a foreign
the state; (Item added - Federal law
from 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3
      28) on persons applying for licensing activities,
related to the provision of employment services for citizens of the Russian Federation
Federation outside the territory of the Russian Federation; (Paragraph
supplemented - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3 )
      29) on persons who have been granted forced status
relocated or extended the status of such status; (Paragraph
amended - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
     30) on persons applying for participation in the State
a program to assist in the voluntary relocation of
Russian Federation of Compatriots Living Abroad;
(The item has been added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 305-\Phi3)
      31) on persons applying for an invitation to
entry into the Russian Federation of foreign citizens and persons without
citizenship, and about the persons who received such an invitation; (Paragraph
supplemented - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3 )
      32) on persons who arrived in the territory of the Russian Federation
emergency mass order; (Item added - Federal law
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from 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3
      33) on persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship entering the territory of the Russian Federation or
who left the territory of the Russian Federation; (Item added -
Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi 3)
     34) on persons put on migration registration in the Russian
Federation; (Item added - Federal law
from 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      35) about persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship in respect of which the decision was made about the undesirability
stay (residence) in the Russian Federation, as well as in relation to
who made a decision on non-authorization (permission) of entry to
the territory of the Russian Federation; (Item supplemented - Federal
Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      36) on foreign citizens and stateless persons,
apply for migration cards; (Item added - Federal law
of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      37) on persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship, received a visa or extended its validity;
(The item was added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3
     38) on persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship, received a document on the right of residence in the Russian
Federation or extended its validity; (Item added -
Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      39) on persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship, received a document on the right to exercise labor
activities in the Russian Federation or its extended
actions; (Item added - Federal law
of 03.07.2016 N 305-Φ3)
      40) about the persons applying for recognition as a refugee and about
the granting of temporary asylum in the Russian
Federation; (Item added - Federal law
of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      41) on persons in respect of whom decisions were made to change
citizenship; (Item added - Federal law
dated July 3, 2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      42) about persons applying for the implementation of obligations in
framework of international agreements of the Russian Federation on readmission;
(Clause is added - Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 305-\Phi3 )
     43) on persons subject to extradition; (Item added
Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      44) on persons who are foreign citizens or persons without
citizenship extended or reduced by
the territory of the Russian Federation; (Item supplemented - Federal
Law of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      45) on persons recognized as drug addicts or consuming
narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances without appointment
doctor or new potentially dangerous psychoactive substances on
whom the judge in the appointment of an administrative penalty imposed
the obligation to undergo diagnostics, preventive measures,
drug treatment and / or medical and / or social
drug rehabilitation or
psychotropic substances without a prescription or new potentially
dangerous psychoactive substances. (Item added - Federal law
dated July 03, 2016 N 305-\Phi3 ) 3-1. The police are given access to data banks on persons
certified as a private security guard, a private detective, and
persons possessing weapons in the manner specified by the federal
executive authority authorized in the sphere of turnover
weapons, and the federal executive body in the field of
internal affairs. (Part supplemented - Federal Law of 07/03/2016
N 227-\Phi3) (as amended by the Federal Law of 05.12.2017 N
391-ФЗ)
     4. The police protects the information contained in
data banks, from unauthorized and accidental access, destruction,
copying, distribution and other illegal actions.
     5. Information contained in the data banks is provided
public authorities and their officials only in cases
stipulated by federal law; law enforcement
foreign states and international police organizations - in
accordance with international treaties of the Russian Federation.
     6. The police must provide the citizen with the opportunity
familiarization in accordance with the legislation of the Russian
Federation, with information contained in data banks,
directly affecting his rights and freedoms.
     7. The processing of personal data is carried out in accordance
with the requirements established by the legislation of the Russian
Federation in the field of personal data.
    8. Personal data contained in data banks are subject to
destruction upon attainment of processing objectives or in case of loss
the need to achieve these goals.
    Chapter 5. The use of physical force, special
               means and firearms
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Article 18. The right to use physical force, special means and firearms

1. A police officer has the right to use physical forces, special means and firearms in person or in the composition of the unit (group) in the cases and manner prescribed by federal constitutional laws, this Federal law and other federal laws.

- 2. The list of special police means of firearms and ammunition, ammunition established by the Government of the Russian Federation. Not allowed Adoption of special weapons for the police weapons and ammunition, ammunition that cause excessively severely injured or serve as a source of undue risk.
- 3. In the state of necessary defense, in case of extreme necessary or when detaining the person who committed the crime, a police officer in the absence of the necessary special means or firearms may use any improvised means, as well as on the grounds and in the manner that established by this Federal Law, to apply otherwise police weapon
- 4. A police officer is required to undergo special training, as well as periodic proficiency testing actions in conditions associated with the use of physical force, special tools and firearms.
- 5. The content of special training programs for staff Police is determined by the federal executive body in sphere of internal affairs.
- 6. The right to use light and acoustic special means, as well as means of destruction of barriers has an employee the police who received in the prescribed manner the appropriate admission.
- 7. A police officer who did not pass the check professional suitability to act in conditions associated with the use of physical force, special means and firearms weapons, is certified for compliance with the position being replaced. Before deciding on the suitability of the position to be replaced, the employee police are suspended from duties related to the possible use of physical force, special means and firearms.
- 8. Exceeding by a police officer of authority when applying physical strength, special equipment or firearms entails liability established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 9. The police officer is not responsible for the harm caused to citizens and organizations when applying physical force, special means or firearms if the use of physical force, special means or firearms weapons carried out on the grounds and in the manner that established by federal constitutional laws, this Federal law and other federal laws.

Article 19. Procedure for the use of physical force, special means and firearms

- 1. A police officer before using physical force special means or firearms must inform Persons for whom the use of physical force, special means or firearms that he is a police officer, warn them of your intent and provide them with the opportunity and time to fulfill legal requirements of a police officer. In the case of physical force, special means or firearms comprising subdivisions (groups) this warning makes one of police officers in the unit (group).

  2. A police officer has the right not to warn about his
- 2. A police officer has the right not to warn about his intention to use physical force, special means or firearms if delay in their use creates an immediate threat to the life and health of a citizen or employee police or may entail other serious consequences.
- 3. A police officer in the use of physical force special means or firearms the situation, the nature and degree of danger of actions of persons in respect of which physical force is applied, special means or firearms of the nature and strength of the rendered they resist. In this case, the police officer must seek to minimize any damage.
- 4. The police officer is obliged to provide the citizen who received bodily injuries resulting from the use of physical force special equipment or firearms, first aid, and also take steps to provide him with medical care in possible short term.
- 5. About causing a citizen a bodily injury as a result the use of physical force, special means by the police officer or firearms the police as soon as possible, but not more than 24 hours notifies close relatives or close persons a citizen.
- 6. About each case of causing a citizen a wound or his death due to the use of a police officer physical strength, special equipment or firearms the prosecutor is notified within 24 hours.
- 7. A police officer shall, whenever possible, be obliged to keep http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

administrative change offense, the place of the incident, if as a result of its use physical strength, special equipment or firearms a citizen was injured or his death occurred.

- 8. About each case of use of physical force, as a result which caused harm to the health of a citizen or caused material damage to a citizen or organization, as well as about each case of use of special means or firearms the police officer is obliged to inform the immediate superior or the head of the nearest territorial body or unit to the police and within 24 hours from the time of their application submit corresponding report
- 9. As part of a unit (group) a police officer uses physical strength, special means and firearms weapons in accordance with federal law, guided orders and instructions of the head of this unit (groups).

#### Article 20. Use of physical force

- 1. A police officer has the right personally or as part of units (groups) to use physical force, including combat techniques of struggle, if non-force methods do not provide responsibilities for the police in the following cases:
- 1) to prevent crime and administrative offenses;
- 2) for delivery to the office premises of the territorial the body or unit of the police, in the premises of the municipal body, in other office premises of the persons who committed crimes and administrative offenses, and the detention of these persons;
- 3) to overcome opposition to legal requirements a police officer.
- 2. A police officer has the right to use physical force all cases where this federal law allows the use of special means or firearms.

#### Article 21. The use of special means

- 1. A police officer has the right personally or as part of units (groups) apply special tools in the following cases:
- 1) to repel an attack on a citizen or employee the police;
- 2) to prevent a crime or administrative offenses;
- 3) to suppress the resistance provided by the employee the police;
- 4) for the detention of a person caught in the act crime and trying to escape;
- 5) to detain a person, if that person may have armed resistance:
- 6) for delivery to the police, escort and protection detainees, detained persons, persons convicted imprisonment, persons subject to administrative punishment in administrative arrest, as well as to prevent the escape, if the person resists a police officer, harming others or yourself; (As amended by the Federal the law of 05.04.2013 N  $37-\Phi 3$ )
- 7) for the release of forcibly held persons, captured buildings, premises, structures, vehicles and land plots;
- 8) to curb riots and other unlawful actions that violate the traffic, the work of communications and organizations;
- 9) to stop a vehicle whose driver is not fulfilled the request of the police officer to stop;
- 10) to identify persons who committed or committed crimes or administrative offenses:
- 11) to protect protected objects, blocking movement groups of citizens committing illegal actions.
- 2. A police officer has the right to apply the following special means:
- 1) special sticks in the cases stipulated by clauses 1-5, 7, 8 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
- 2) special gas facilities in the cases provided for points 1-5, 7 and 8 of part 1 of this article;
- 3) means of limiting mobility in cases provided for by clauses 3, 4 and 6 of part 1 of this article. At In the absence of a means of limiting mobility, a police officer may use improvised means of binding;
- 4) special coloring and marking agents in the cases provided for by clauses 10 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
- 5) electroshock devices in cases provided for
- points 1-5, 7 and 8 of part 1 of this article;
- 6) light-shock devices in the cases provided for points 1-5, 7 and 8 of part 1 of this article;
- 7) service animals in the cases stipulated by clauses

- 1-7, 10 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
  - 8) light and acoustic special means in cases
- stipulated by clauses 5, 7, 8 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
  9) means of forcibly stopping transport in cases
- provided for by clauses 9 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
- 10) means of hindering the movement in the cases provided for clauses 1-5 of part 1 of this article;
- 11) water cannons in the cases provided for in clauses 7, 8 and 11 Part 1 of this article;
- 12) armored vehicles in the cases stipulated by clauses 5, 7, 8 and 11 of part 1 of this article;
- 13) means of protection of protected objects (territories), blocking the movement of groups of citizens committing illegal actions in the cases provided for by clause 11 of part 1 of this articles:
- 14) means of destruction of obstacles in the cases provided for clauses 5 and 7 of part 1 of this article.
- 3. The police officer has the right to apply special means in all cases where this federal law allowed the use of firearms.

# Article 22. Prohibitions and restrictions related to the use of special means

- 1. A police officer is prohibited from using special facilities:
- 1) against women with visible signs of pregnancy, persons with obvious signs of disability and minors, except the cases of the said persons providing armed resistance, committing a group or other attack that threatens life and public health or a police officer;
- 2) while suppressing illegal meetings, rallies, demonstrations, marches and picketing of non-violent nature, which are not violate public order, the work of transport, communications and organizations.
- 2. Special tools are applied with the following restrictions:
- it is not allowed to strike a person with a special stick on the head, neck, clavicular region, abdomen, genitals, in heart projection area;
- 2) do not allow water cannons at air temperature below zero degrees Celsius;
- 3) the use of forced stop means is not allowed transport in relation to vehicles intended for transportation of passengers (in the presence of passengers), transport funds owned by diplomatic missions and consular offices of foreign countries, as well as motorcycles, motorcars, scooters and mopeds; on mountain roads or sections of roads with limited visibility; on rail crossings, bridges, overpasses, overpasses, in tunnels;
- 4) installation of special coloring agents on the object carried out with the consent of the owner of the object or authorized persons, while the police officer takes measures to exclude use of these tools against random individuals.
- 3. The use of water cannons and armored vehicles is carried out by decision the head of the territorial authority with the subsequent notification the prosecutor within 24 hours.
- 4. Other restrictions associated with the use of employee special means police may be established by federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs.
- 5. It is allowed to derogate from prohibitions and restrictions established by parts 1 and 2 of this article, if special funds are used on the grounds provided for in paragraph 1 of Article 23 of this Federal Law.

## Article 23. The use of firearms $% \left\{ 1,2,...,n\right\}$

- 1. A police officer has the right personally or as part of units (groups) use firearms in the following cases:
- to protect another person or himself from infringement if this encroachment is fraught with violence, life-threatening or health;
- 2) to prevent attempts to seize firearms, police vehicle, special and military equipment, in service with the police;
  - 3) for the release of hostages;
- 4) for the detention of a person caught in committing an act, containing signs of a serious or especially serious crime against life, health or property, and trying to hide if it is not possible to detain this person by other means;
- 5) for the detention of a person providing armed resistance as well as the person refusing to comply with the law the requirement to surrender their weapons, ammunition, explosives, explosive devices, poisonous or radioactive substances;
- 6) to repel a group or armed attack on buildings, premises, structures and other objects of state and http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

municipal bodies, public associations, organizations and citizens;

- 7) to prevent escape from places of detention suspected and accused of committing a crime or escape from the convoy of persons detained on suspicion of committing crimes, persons against whom a preventive measure has been applied in the form of detention, persons sentenced to imprisonment, and also to prevent the attempted forcible release of these individuals.
- 2. Armed resistance and armed attack referred to in paragraphs 5 and 6 of part 1 of this article shall be recognized resistance and attack using weapons any kind or items that are structurally similar to the present weapons and outwardly indistinguishable from him, or objects, substances and mechanisms by which serious harm can be caused health or death.
- 3. The police officer also has the right to use firearms. weapon:

1) to stop the vehicle by damaging it, if the person controlling them refuses to perform repeated demands of the police officer about stopping and trying to escape, creating a threat to the life and health of citizens;

- 2) for the disposal of an animal that threatens life and health citizens and / or police officer;
- 3) for the destruction of locking devices, elements and structures that prevent the penetration of residential and other premises on the grounds provided for by Article 15 of this Federal the law;
- 4) for the production of a warning shot, filing alarm or call for help by firing up or in another safe direction.
- 4. The police officer has the right to apply official firearm of limited destruction in all cases provided for in Parts 1 and 3 of this Article, as well as in cases provided for by paragraphs 3, 4, 7 and 8 of part 1 of article 21 of this Federal law.
- 5. It is prohibited to use firearms with production shot to kill against women, persons with obvious signs disability, minors when their age is obvious or known to a police officer, except when said persons of armed resistance, armed or group attack threatening life and limb citizens or a police officer.
- 6. A police officer is not allowed to use a firearm. weapons with a significant accumulation of citizens, if as a result of his applications may be affected by random individuals.

Article 24. Guarantees of the personal safety of an armed police officer

- 1. A police officer has the right to bare firearms. and bring it in readiness, if in this situation can there are grounds for its use, as provided for in Article 23 of this federal law.
- 2. When a person is detained by a police officer with naked firearm close to the employee the police, having reduced the distance indicated to them, or to touch his firearm a police officer has the right to use firearms in accordance with clauses 1 and 2 parts 1 of article 23 of this federal law.

Chapter 6. The Legal Status of a Police Officer

Section 25. Police Officer

- 1. The police officer is a citizen of the Russian Federation, which carries out official activities at the post federal state service in the internal affairs bodies and which in the prescribed manner awarded a special title provided for by article 26 of this federal law.
- 2. A police officer is considered serving in the police also in the case of:
- being at the disposal of the federal authority executive authority in the field of internal affairs, territorial body, organization included in the system specified federal body;
- $\,$  2) secondment to government agencies, as well as to organizations on the terms and conditions established by the President Russian Federation.
- 3. A police officer serving in the territorial body, performs duties assigned to the police, and implements rights granted to the police, within the territory, served by this territorial body, in accordance with position and job regulations (job instruction). Outside the specified area a police officer fulfills the duties assigned to the police and realizes the rights provided by the police, in a manner determined by the head federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs.

4. Police officer issued a certificate of employment, special badge with personal number, badge, samples of which approved by the federal executive authority in the field internal affairs.

- 5. The police officer is provided with uniforms at the expense of budget allocations of the federal budget. Uniform samples clothes of a police officer are approved by the Government of the Russian Federation. On the uniform of a police officer serving in public places, a badge is placed, allowing identify the police officer.
- 6. A police officer has the right to carry and store firearms and special tools. Issuance procedure carrying and storing firearms and special equipment determined by the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs.
- 7. A police officer is subject to mandatory state fingerprint registration in the order determined by the federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs.
- Separate police posts may be replaced by federal government civil servants.
- 9. Cadets, students, adjuncts, scientific and pedagogical employees, managers and other employees of organizations, carrying out educational activities for the implementation educational programs of secondary vocational education, higher education and (or) additional professional Education and members of the federal executive body authorities in the field of internal affairs are considered to be serving in the police. (Part supplemented Federal law  $02.07.2013\ N\ 185-\Phi3$ )

#### Section 26. Special Ranks of Police Officers

- 1. Police officers are assigned the following special titles:
  - 1) rank and file ordinary police;
- 2) junior commanding staff junior police sergeant, police sergeant, police senior sergeant, police officer, Police Ensign, Senior Police Ensign;
- the middle commanding staff junior police lieutenant,
   Police Lieutenant, Senior Police Lieutenant,
   Police Captain;
- 4) senior commanding staff police major, lieutenant colonel police, police colonel;
- 5) the highest commanding staff Major General of Police, Lieutenant-General of Police, Colonel-General of Police, General Police of the Russian Federation.
- Special ranks of police commanders are lifelong.
- 3. When a police officer leaves the police service for the special title adds the words "retired".
- 4. A police officer may be deprived of a special rank in the procedure established by federal law.

### Section 27. Main Obligations of a Police Officer

- 1. A police officer must:
- 1) know and comply with the Constitution of the Russian Federation, legislative and other regulatory legal acts in the field of domestic affairs, to ensure their execution; proceed in the order determined federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs, regular knowledge checks on the Constitution of the Russian Federation, legislative and other regulatory legal acts in the said sphere;
- 2) to perform official duties in accordance with job regulations (job description);
- 3) carry out orders and orders of managers (chiefs), given in the prescribed manner and not inconsistent federal law;
- 4) to address on official matters to his immediate to the chief, and if necessary, to the direct superior, putting at the same time, to the knowledge of the immediate superior;
- 5) to observe in the performance of official duties rights and legal interests of citizens, public associations and organizations;
- 6) to comply with the internal regulations of the territorial authority, schedule of the organization included in the system of the federal authority executive in the field of internal affairs where he passes service;
- 7) maintain the level of qualification required for proper performance of official duties;
- 8) not to disclose information constituting the state and other a secret protected by law, as well as information that has become known to him in connection with the performance of official duties, including information concerning the privacy and health of citizens or affecting them honour and dignity;
- 9) to protect state property, including provided to him for the performance of official duties;
- 10) to submit in the manner prescribed by law
  Of the Russian Federation, information on their income, property and
  property obligations, as well as information about

income, property and property obligations their spouses (spouse) and minor children;

11) to report on renunciation of citizenship of the Russian Federation or on the acquisition of citizenship (citizenship) of a foreign state in day of renunciation of the citizenship of the Russian Federation or per day acquisition of citizenship (citizenship) of a foreign state;

- 12) to observe the restrictions established by federal laws and bans related to police service, and to comply requirements for official conduct of a police officer;
- 13) inform the immediate superior of the occurrence personal interest that could lead to conflict interests in the performance of official duties, and take action to prevent such a conflict;
- 14) notify in the manner prescribed by law. The Russian Federation on combating corruption, in each case Appeals to him of any persons in order to induce to commit corruption offense. (As amended by Federal Law dated 12.22.2014 N 431-FZ)
- 2. A police officer regardless of the position being replaced stay and time of day must:
- provide first aid to citizens affected by crimes, administrative offenses and accidents, as well as citizens who are in a helpless state or in condition dangerous to their life and health;
- 2) in the case of the appeal to him of a citizen with a statement of a crime, an administrative offense, an incident or in case of detection of a crime, administrative offenses, incidents to take measures to rescue a citizen, prevention and / or suppression of crime, administrative offense, detention of persons suspected of committing them, by administrative guarding of a crime offense, the scene and report it to the nearest territorial authority or police unit.

Section 28. Basic Rights of a Police Officer

- 1. A police officer shall have the right:
- to ensure proper organizational and technical conditions necessary for the performance of official duties;
- 2) for familiarization with the job regulations (job instructions) and other documents defining his rights and duties for the position being replaced, with evaluation criteria efficiency of performance of official duties, indicators performance performance and promotion conditions police service;
- 3) to rest provided by the establishment of normal duration of service time, provision of holidays and non-working holidays, as well as annual paid the main and additional holidays;
- 4) on labor and other payments in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation and the contract of passage police services;
- 5) to receive in the prescribed manner information and materials required for the performance of official duties, and also to make proposals for improvement activities the police.
- 6) access in the prescribed manner to the information constituting state and other legally protected secrets if performance duties for the position being replaced the use of such information;
- 7) access in the prescribed manner to the state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations in communication with the performance of official duties;
- 8) to get acquainted with reviews of his official activities and other documents before making them into a personal matter, with materials personal files, as well as the inclusion in the personal file of his written explanations and other documents and materials;
  - 9) to protect your personal data;
  - 10) on police promotion;
- 11) for training and additional professional education; (As amended by Federal Law  $\underline{02.07.2013~N~185-\Phi3}$  )
- 12) for consideration of an official dispute in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation;
  - 13) to conduct a service check upon his application;
- 14) to protect their rights and legitimate interests, including appeal to the court of their violation;
  - 15) for compulsory state life insurance and
- health in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation;
- 16) to state protection of life and health, life and health of his family members, as well as those belonging to him and his property families;
- 17) for state pension provision in accordance with federal law.
- 2. A police officer with the consent of the head of the federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs, head territorial body or the head of the organization the system of the specified federal authority in the manner prescribed http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

The Government of the Russian Federation is entitled, along with duties for the position to be filled another police officer.

- 3. A police officer, regardless of the position being replaced location and time of day when performing the duties specified in Part 2 of Article 27 of this Federal Law, has the right to:
- 1) request from citizens and officials termination illegal actions;  $\label{eq:condition}$
- to check with citizens and officials documents their identity and (or) confirming their authority;
- 3) to use in cases that are not urgent,

vehicles owned by state and municipal bodies, public associations and organizations (for

exclusion of vehicles belonging to diplomatic

representative offices and consular offices of foreign

international organizations), and in

exceptional cases - vehicles owned

citizens, for the suppression of crimes, prosecution of persons committed or suspected of having committed a crime, for delivery to medical organizations of citizens in need emergency or emergency care for

emergency or emergency care for towing from the scene of a traffic accident

damaged vehicles for travel to the place of occurrence

offense, administrative offense, to the place

accidents; (As amended by Federal Law

# of November 25, 2013 N 317-FZ )

4) to demand from persons suspected of committing a crime, administrative offense, stay in place until arrival representatives of the territorial authority or police unit or representatives of other law enforcement agencies, as well deliver suspected perpetrators administrative offense in office territorial authority or police unit municipal body, in other office premises;

5) use physical strength, special means and firearms on the grounds and in the manner that provided for by this federal law.

Article 29. (Abolished - Federal Law of February 12, 2015 N 16-FZ)

Section 30. Guarantees of legal protection of a police officer

- 1. A police officer performing duties assigned to the police, and realizing the rights granted to the police, speaks in as a representative of state power and is under protection of the state.
- 2. Police officer in the performance of official duties submits only to the immediate or direct superior. No one has no right to interfere in the lawful activities of an employee police, except for persons expressly authorized by federal law. No one has the right to force a police officer to perform responsibilities that this federal law does not apply to the police imposed by Upon receipt of the order or order, clearly contrary to the law, a police officer must be guided by law.
- 3. The legal requirements of a police officer are mandatory for performance by citizens and officials.
- 4. Hindering police officers from performing service duties, insulting a police officer, rendering him resistance, violence or the threat of violence against a police officer in connection with his duties or failure to comply with the legal requirements of a police officer responsibility stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 5. A police officer is not required to give any explanations on the substance of the cases and materials in its production, as well as provide such cases and materials, including those affecting rights and freedoms of a person and a citizen, for familiarization other than in cases and the procedure stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 6. State protection of life and health, honor and the dignity of the police officer and his family members, and property belonging to him and his family members from criminal abuse in connection with the performance of official duties carried out in the manner prescribed by law Russian Federation.
- 7. State protection measures also apply to close relatives of a police officer, and in exceptional cases cases in relation to other persons for life, health and property impingement is committed legal activities of a police officer or coercion to change in her character, as well as out of revenge for the said activity.

Article 30-1. Penalties for non-observance of restrictions and prohibitions, requirements for the prevention or settlement of conflicts of interest and failure to fulfill the duties established in order to

combat corruption

For non-compliance by the police officer of restrictions and prohibitions, conflict prevention or resolution claims interests and non-performance of duties established in order anti-corruption by this federal law Federal law of December 25, 2008 N 273-FZ "On Combating Corruption" and other federal laws, imposed penalties provided for by federal law, determining the order and conditions of service for employees law enforcement bodies. (Article supplemented – Federal law  $21.11.2011,\ N\ 329-\Phi3$ )

Article 31. The right of police officers to join trade unions (associations)

- 1. Police officers to represent and protect their social and labor rights and interests are entitled to unite or join trade unions (associations).
- 2. The order of creation and competence of trade unions (associations) of police officers established by law Russian Federation.

Article 32. Involvement of other employees of the in the performance of duties

assigned to the police

internal affairs bodies

Police officers who are not employees police as well as interns may be involved in performing duties imposed on the police, in the manner determined federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs. AT In this case, they are subject to these Federal law obligations, rights, liability, guarantees legal and social protection of police officers.

Section 33. Responsibilities of a Police Officer

- 1. A police officer, regardless of the position being replaced responsibility for their actions (inaction) and for orders and orders.
- 2. For illegal actions (inaction) of a police officer bears responsibility established by federal law.
- 3. Harm caused to citizens and organizations by unlawful actions (inaction) of a police officer in the performance of duties, is refundable in order,
- established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.

  4. For damage caused to the federal executive body authorities in the field of internal affairs, territorial authority, a police unit or an organization within the system designated federal authority, a police officer shall material liability in accordance with labor

Chapter 7. Police Service

legislation of the Russian Federation.

Section 34. Legal Regulation of Police Service

- 1. Police service is carried out in accordance with legislation of the Russian Federation governing issues serving in the internal affairs bodies, subject to the provisions of this federal law.
- 2. Effect of labor legislation of the Russian Federation applies to police officers in part not regulated legislation of the Russian Federation governing issues serving in the internal affairs bodies, and hereby Federal law.

Article 35. (Abolished - Federal Law No. 16-FZ of February 12, 2015 )

Article 36. (Abolished - Federal Law of 30.11.2011, N 342-FZ )

Article 37. (Abolished - Federal Law of 30.11.2011, N  $342\mbox{-}\mathrm{FZ}$  )

Article 38. (Abolished - Federal Law of 02.07.2013 N  $185{-}\Phi3$  )

Article 39. (Abolished - Federal Law of 30.11.2011, N  $342\mbox{-}\mathrm{FZ}$  )

Article 40. (Abolished - Federal Law of 30.11.2011, N 342-FZ)

Article 41. Guarantees to a police officer elected (appointed) to a legislative (representative) or executive body of

government body

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1. Police officer, elected (appointed) member of the Council
Federation of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation, elected
Deputy of the State Duma of the Federal Assembly of the Russian
Federation, deputy of the legislative (representative) body
state power of the subject of the Russian Federation, endowed
powers of the highest official of the subject of the Russian
Federation (head of the highest executive body
state authority of the subject of the Russian Federation) elected
deputy of the representative body of the municipality,
the head of the municipality appointed to the position of head
local administration, for the period of implementation of the relevant
authority suspends police service or leaves
police services of their own accord. After termination
the specified powers to the police officer at his request
previously replaced position is provided, and in its absence
another equivalent position is still with his consent
place of service.
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- 2. The period of exercise of the powers provided for in part 1 of this article shall be counted towards the police officer in the calendar calculation in the total length of service and years of service, giving the right to assignment of the next special rank, extra charge for long service, additional leave and assignment of pensions for long service.
- 3. If within one month (excluding periods of temporary disability) after the expiration of the term of office, provided for in part 1 of this article, a police officer shall not notify the federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs, he is subject to dismissal on grounds provided for by paragraph 20 of part 1 of article 40 of this Federal law.

Chapter 8. Guarantees of social protection of a police officer

Section 42. Remuneration of a Police Officer

- 1. The remuneration of a police officer shall be in the form monetary allowance, which is the main means of its material support and promotion of performance on the position being replaced.
- 2. Providing a cash allowance to a police officer carried out on the conditions and in the manner prescribed legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 3. A police officer who has the honorary title "Honored employee of the internal affairs of the Russian Federation "and (or) "Honored Lawyer of the Russian Federation", paid monthly 10 per cent supplement of salary within budget allocations of the federal budget allocated federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs.

Section 43. Insurance Guarantees to a Police Officer and Payment for the purposes of Compensation for Harm Caused in Connection with the Performance of Official Duties

1. The life and health of a police officer is mandatory. state insurance at the expense of budget allocations federal budget for the relevant year.

2. Mandatory state life and health insurance a police officer is subject to the conditions and in the manner established by the Federal Law of March 28, 1998 N 52-FZ "On compulsory state life and health insurance military personnel, citizens called up for military training, private individuals and commanding officers of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation, State Fire Service, employees institutions and bodies of the penitentiary system ". (As amended Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 305- $\Phi3$ )

- 3. Family members of a police officer and persons who were on his dependency is paid a lump sum of three million rubles in equal shares in the case of: (As amended by the Federal of the law of 19.07.2011 N 247- $\Phi$ 3 )
- the death (death) of a police officer due to injury or other damage to health resulting from duties, either due to a disease derived from the period of service in the police;
- 2) the death of a citizen of the Russian Federation, which occurred in one year after leaving the police force due to injury or other damage to health resulting from performance of official duties, either due to illness, received during the period of service in the police, excluded the possibility of further service in the police.
- 4. Family members and dependent persons deceased (deceased) police officer (citizen of the Russian Federation dismissed from the police service) who are entitled to receiving lump-sum allowance provided for in part 3 of this article are considered:
- 1) the spouse (s), consisted (held) on the day of death (death) in a registered marriage with the deceased (deceased); http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

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     2) the parents of the deceased (deceased);
     3) minor children of the deceased (deceased) children older
18 years old who became disabled before they reached the age of 18 years old, children
under the age of 23 studying in educational institutions by
full-time education; (As amended by Federal Law
 of July 2, 2013 N 185-FZ )
      4) persons who were fully detained
(deceased) or received from him the help that was for them
permanent and primary livelihoods as well
other persons recognized as dependents in the manner prescribed
legislation of the Russian Federation.
     5. When received by a police officer in connection with
duties of injury or other damage to health,
excluding the possibility of further service in the police,
he is paid a lump sum of two million
rubles . (As amended by Federal Law of July 19, 2011 N 247-FZ )
6. When a citizen of the Russian Federation is established,
discharged from the police service, disability due to military
injuries sustained in connection with the performance of their service
responsibilities and excluded the possibility of further passage
police services, in the manner determined by the federal
executive authority in the field of internal affairs,
paid monthly cash compensation followed
recovery of the paid amounts specified compensation from the perpetrators in
the procedure established by the legislation of the Russian Federation.
The amount of monthly monetary compensation is calculated on the basis of
monthly salary and monthly salary
salary increment for service monthly salary
(long service) taken for the calculation of pensions using
the following factors:
     1) in respect of a disabled person of group I - 1;
     2) in respect of a disabled person of group II - 0.5;
     3) in respect of a disabled person of group III - 0.3.
                                                                  (Part of the wording of the Federal Law
 of 12.02.2015, N 15-FZ )
                               7. The amount of the monthly monetary compensation paid in
in accordance with part 6 of this article shall be recalculated from
in view of the increase (increase) in salaries
police officers produced in the manner prescribed
legislation of the Russian Federation.
     8. Harm caused to property owned by an employee
to the police or his close relatives in connection with official duties reimbursed in full by
budget allocations of the federal budget followed by
recovery of the compensation paid from the perpetrators.
     9. At simultaneous occurrence in cases stipulated
of this article, several reasons for receiving payments in
According to the legislation of the Russian Federation
carried out on one of the grounds at the choice of the recipient.
     10. The size of lump-sum benefits paid in
in accordance with parts 3 and 5 of this article, annually
indexed based on the rate of inflation set by
federal law on the federal budget for the relevant
fiscal year and plan period. The decision to increase
(indexation) the size of these benefits is accepted by the Government
Russian Federation. (Part supplemented - Federal law
07.07.2011 \text{ N } 247-\Phi3
     Article 44. The right of the police officer to housing
     1. Providing a police officer with accommodation
carried out at the expense of the federal budget allocations
by providing him with official living space or
residential premises in the property or one-time social
payments for its purchase in the manner and conditions
stipulated by federal laws and other regulatory
legal acts of the Russian Federation.
     2. The police has a specialized housing stock, formed
federal executive body in the field of internal affairs
accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation.
     3. Police officer, deputy head
authorized police officer who does not have living quarters in the territory
relevant municipality, no later than
six months from the date of entry into office is provided
office living space.
     Article 45. The right of a police officer and his family members to
                   (As amended by Federal Law of 25.11.2013 N 317-\Phi3)
     1. Medical support for a police officer is provided in
medical organizations of the federal executive body
in the field of internal affairs or federal executive
authorities in the sphere of activity of the Russian National Guard troops
Federation, in the field of trafficking in arms, in the field of private security
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authorized body in the field of national guard troops) or in other medical organizations in the manner prescribed by the Government http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

activities in the field of private security (hereinafter -

Russian Federation. (As amended by federal laws of November 25, 2013 N 317-FZ; dated 07.03.2016 N 227- $\Phi$ 3 )

2. A police officer is entitled to receive free medical care , including the manufacture and repair of dental prostheses (with the exception of prostheses made of precious metals and other expensive materials), for free provision of medicinal drugs for medical use according to prescriptions for drugs, free provision of medical products prescribed by a doctor in medical organizations federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs or an authorized body in the field of national guard troops . (AT the wording of federal laws of November 25, 2013 N 317-FZ; from 07.07.2016 N 227- $\Phi$ 3)

3. Family members of a police officer (spouse (s)) minor children, children over 18 years of age who have become disabled before they reach the age of 18 years, children under the age of 23 years, full-time students in educational institutions training) as well as dependents of the employee police have the right to medical care in medical organizations of the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs or authorized body in the field of troops National Guard in the manner prescribed by the Government Russian Federation. For outpatient treatment, they are provided with medicines for medical applications for a fee at retail prices, unless when in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation fee not charged. (As amended by federal laws of July 2, 2013 N  $\,$ 185-FZ; of November 25, 2013, N 317-FZ; dated July 03, 2016 N 227- $\Phi$ 3; from 06/18/2017 N 122-Φ3)

4. Manufacturing and repairing dentures to family members police officer referred to in paragraph 3 of this article, in medical organizations of the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs or authorized body in the field of troops National Guard carried out under the same conditions that installed in medical organizations of the state system health care or municipal health care system if otherwise not stipulated by the legislation of the Russian Federation. (AT the wording of federal laws of November 25, 2013 N 317-FZ; from  $07/03/2016 \text{ N } 227-\Phi3)$ 5. Medical support, including sanatorium-resort treatment of persons referred to in this article is carried out in medical organizations of the authorized federal body executive in the field of internal affairs or authorized body in the field of national guard troops at the expense of provided for in the federal budget respectively authorized federal executive body in the field of Internal Affairs, the federal executive body, authorized in the field of national guard troops for these purposes. (Part supplemented - Federal Law of 03.07.2016, N 227-FZ)

Section 46. Guarantees to a police officer in connection with his service in the police

1. A police officer for official purposes is provided travel documents for all types of public transport (except taxi) city, suburban and local traffic in order established by the Government of the Russian Federation.

2. A police officer next to a new duty station or sent on a business trip, enjoys the right booking and extraordinary receiving hotel rooms, acquisition of travel documents for all types of transport on

presentation of travel documents for all types of transport of presentation of business ID and documents confirming the fact of moving to a new duty station or being in a service business trip.

3. Police officer in the performance of official duties for to ensure the safety of citizens and the protection of public order on railway, water or air transport has the right travel by train, river, ship and aircraft within the object (site) served by it without the purchase of travel documents only when performing these duties.

4. Police officer in the performance of official duties for curb crime, administrative offense, arrest and transfer of a person (s), suspect (s) committing a crime, administrative offense, enjoys the right of passage and transportation of the detainee or delivered the name of the person (s) on all types of public transport (except taxi) urban, suburban and local traffic without acquisition of travel documents, and in rural areas passing transport upon presentation of a business ID.

5. (Abolished - Federal Law

of 19.07.2011 N 247-FZ )

6. Places in general education and pre-school educational organizations at the place of residence and in summer recreation camps irrespective of the form of ownership are provided as a matter of priority procedure: (As amended by Federal Law of 02.07.2013 N  $185-\Phi3$ )

1) children of a police officer;

2) children of a police officer who died (deceased) due to injury or other damage to health resulting from

performance of official duties;

- 3) children of a police officer who died due to a disease, received while serving in the police;
- 4) children of a citizen of the Russian Federation dismissed from service in the police due to injury or other damage to health, received in connection with the performance of official duties and

5) children of a citizen of the Russian Federation who died during one year after leaving the police force due to injury or other damage to health resulting from duties, either due to a disease derived from

excluded the possibility of further service in the police;

period of service in the police, excluding the possibility further police service;

6) children who are (were) dependent on the employee police, a citizen of the Russian Federation referred to in paragraphs 1-5 this part.

Chapter 9. Financial and logistical support of the police

Article 47. Financial support of the police

- 1. Financial support for the police, including social security guarantees for police officers, payments and compensation provided (paid) to police officers, family members and their dependents in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation, is expenditure obligation of the Russian Federation and is provided for account of the federal budget.
- 2. State authorities of the subjects of the Russian Federations and local authorities in accordance with the legislation of the Russian Federation is entitled to subject to the joint jurisdiction of the Russian Federation and subjects Russian Federation implementation costs charged to the police duties to protect public order and ensure public safety. The expenses of the budgets of the subjects of Federations and local budgets for these purposes are carried out in accordance with the budget legislation of the Russian Federation.
- 3. (Abolished Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 227-FZ)
  4. (Abolished Federal Law of 03.07.2016 N 227-FZ)

Section 48.

Police Logistics

- 1. Police Logistics carried out at the expense of the federal budget allocations for the relevant year.
- 2. The land used by the police, as well as buildings police facilities, equipment and other property created by (created) or acquired (acquired) at the expense of budget allocations from the federal budget and other sources of funding, are federal property. Plots are located in permanent (perpetual) use, and property in operational management of the federal executive body in the field of internal affairs.
- 3. Providing the police with weapons, ammunition, special facilities, food and police support clothing and equipment are carried out according to standards established by Government of the Russian Federation. Norms of other types police logistics
- federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs.
   4. (Abolished Federal Law
- of 03.07.2016 N 227-Ф3 )
  5. (Abolished Federal Law
- of 03.07.2016 N 227-Φ3 )
- free of charge to territorial bodies and divisions police performing tasks to ensure the safety of citizens and protection of public order, crime counteraction railway, water , air transport and subways , service and utility rooms, equipment, facilities and services communication. Equipment of rooms with furniture, office equipment and facilities communication and maintenance of the technical operation of these premises (water supply, heating, lighting, cleaning, repair)

provided for

carried out at the expense of the budget allocations of the federal budget. (As amended by Federal Law of June 23, 2016 N 201-FZ )

6. The transport infrastructure subjects are

7. Local governments are obliged to provide in the boundaries of municipalities police officer, Deputy Police Officer,

premises for work in the serviced administrative site. Equipment of rooms with furniture, office equipment and means of communication and ensuring the technical operation of these premises (water supply,

heating, lighting, cleaning, repair) are carried out by

budget allocations from the federal budget.

Chapter 10. Control and Supervision of the Police

Article 49. State control over the activities of the police

- 1. State control over the police
  The President of the Russian Federation, the Chambers of the Federal
  Meetings of the Russian Federation, the Government of the Russian Federation
  the limits of authority determined by the Constitution of the Russian
  Federations, federal constitutional laws and federal
  by the laws.
- 2. Departmental control over the police carried out in the manner determined by the head of the federal executive authority in the field of internal affairs.

Article 50. Public oversight of the police

- 1. Citizens of the Russian Federation, public associations exercise public control over the activities of the police in accordance with federal law.
- 2. The Public Chamber of the Russian Federation carries out control over the activities of the police in accordance with the Federal the law of April 4, 2005 N 32- $\Phi$ 3 "On the Public Chamber Russian Federation".
- 3. Public observatory commissions and members of these commissions. exercise control over ensuring the rights of citizens in places enforced under federal law executive authority in the field of internal affairs, in accordance with the Federal Law of June 10, 2008 N 76-FZ "On Public human rights monitoring in places of content and assistance to persons in places forced maintenance. "
- 4. Public councils formed under federal authority executive authority in the field of internal affairs, with territorial authorities monitor the activities of the police in in accordance with the provisions of these councils.

Article 51. Judicial control and supervision

Judicial control and supervision of the police implemented in accordance with federal constitutional laws and federal laws.

Article 52. Prosecutor's Supervision

Supervision over the execution of the laws by the police The Prosecutor General of the Russian Federation and its subordinates prosecutors in accordance with the powers granted federal law.

Article 53. Appealing against actions (inaction) of a police officer

Actions (inaction) of a police officer, violating the rights and legal interests of a citizen, state and municipal body, public association, religious or other organization, may be appealed to a higher authority or superior to the official, the prosecution authorities of the Russian Federation or court.

Chapter 11. Final Provisions

Article 54. Final Provisions

1. Before transferring to relevant authorities and organizations responsibilities for the implementation of administrative expulsion foreign citizens and stateless persons outside the Russian Federation, on the organization of the work of medical sobering centers, on search of the debtor, his property, on the formation and maintenance of the registry unqualified persons, the police continue to perform the specified responsibilities, but no later than January 1, 2012. Duties for the implementation of the state technical inspection of transport means and trailers for them in places that are equipped for state technical inspections continue carried out by the police until January 1, 2014, subject to requirements legislation in the field of technical inspection of transport means, except for the requirements of accreditation of operators technical inspection and the maximum amount of fees for conducting technical inspection. (As amended by federal laws of 01.07.2011, N 170-FZ; of November 30, 2011, N 340- $\Phi$ 3) 1-1. (Abolished - Federal Law of 04/05/2013 N 37-FZ ) 1-2. Before the creation and commissioning of special

institutions stipulated by the Federal Law of July 25, 2002 of the year N 115-FZ "On the legal status of foreign citizens in The Russian Federation", the police continue to perform duties the maintenance of foreign citizens and stateless persons subject to administrative expulsion from the Russian Federation, in specially designated premises of the internal affairs bodies, but not later than April 1, 2014. (Part supplemented - Federal law from http://pravo.gov.ru/proxy/ips/?docview&page=1&print=1&nd=102145133&rdk=37&&empire=

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                                                              About the police
12/06/2011 N 410-FZ) (As amended by Federal Law
dated 12.28.2013 N 388-\Phi3 )
      2. Before the adoption of the federal law defining the procedure and
conditions of service by officers of internal affairs bodies, on
police officers covered by
Provisions on service in the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation,
approved by the Decree of the Supreme Council of the Russian Federation of December 23, 1992 N 4202-I "On Approval of the Provision on
in the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation and the text of the Oath
employee of the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation "(hereinafter -
Regulations on service in the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation),
in the part that does not contradict this Federal Law.
     3. Employees of internal affairs bodies are subject to extraordinary
certification in the order and terms, which are determined by the President
Russian Federation.
     4. Employees of internal affairs bodies, past extraordinary
certification, are considered police officers who are assigned
special ranks provided for in Article 26 of this
Federal law, or employees of other departments
internal affairs, which are assigned special titles of justice
or special ranks of the internal service provided
Regulations on service in the internal affairs bodies of the Russian Federation.
According to the results of certification, employees of internal affairs bodies may
to be invited to continue the service on others, including the lower ones,
posts. For these employees remain their existing
terms of service in special ranks, which are taken into account when
assigning them the next special ranks.
     5. Employees of internal affairs bodies who have not passed
extraordinary certification and (or) refused to continue service in
law enforcement bodies on others, including the lower ones, positions are subject to dismissal in the prescribed manner by
grounds stipulated by the Regulation on service in bodies
Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation.
     6. The federal executive body in the field of
internal affairs, territorial bodies, organizations belonging to
system of the specified federal authority
official IDs, forms, seals and police stamps up to
January 1, 2012.
     7. Police are allowed to wear uniforms.
police officers before approval by the Government
Russian Federation uniform samples of a police officer and
establish the timing of the provision of appropriate clothing property.
     8. Funding for police activities until January 1, 2012
carried out at the expense of the budget appropriations of the federal budget,
budgets of subjects of the Russian Federation, local budgets and other
sources of funding in accordance with the law
Russian Federation. At the same time, public authorities
Subjects of the Russian Federation and local authorities
may make additional collateral costs
police activities, including additional payments
police officers above a fixed amount of money
allowances within the limits of the funds provided for by the budget law
a subject of the Russian Federation or a municipal legal act
representative body of the municipality about local
budget. Maintenance of these expenses is carried out on personal
accounts to account for funds of the budgets of the constituent entities of the Russian Federation and
funds of local budgets opened in territorial bodies
Federal Treasury in due course.
     9. The land used by the police, as well as buildings \,
police facilities, equipment and other property necessary
to ensure the activities of the police owned
subjects of the Russian Federation or in municipal property,
transferred to federal property in the manner prescribed
legislation of the Russian Federation.
     10. Until the emergence of federal ownership of
transferred in accordance with paragraph 9 of this article property
federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs,
territorial bodies, police units, organizations,
included in the system of the specified federal authority, for which
fixed property is entitled to use free of charge
such property for the exercise of authority in matters of reference
Russian Federation. State authorities of the subjects
The Russian Federation and local governments are not entitled
alienate, lease and otherwise encumber
property.
     11.
               (Abolished - Federal Law
 of 03.07.2016 N 305-\Phi3)
      12. Temporary filling of positions by police officers
federal state service in departments and organizations
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12. Temporary filling of positions by police officers federal state service in departments and organizations federal executive body in the sphere of internal affairs, non-police as well as temporary replacement federal civil servants serving in these departments and organizations, positions in police units in the manner determined by the head of the specified federal body is allowed until January 1, 2013.

13. (Part supplemented - Federal Law of July 3, 2016 N 227-FZ) (Abolished - Federal Law of 05.12.2017 N

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Article 55. On the recognition as null and void of certain
                   legislative acts of the RSFSR and certain
                  legislative acts (provisions of
                  legislative acts) of the Russian Federation
     To recognize as invalid:
      1) Law of the RSFSR of April 18, 1991 N 1026-I "On Police"
(Bulletin of the Congress of People's Deputies of the RSFSR and the Supreme Council
RSFSR, 1991, N 16, Art. 503);
     2) Resolution of the Supreme Soviet of the RSFSR of April 18, 1991
<u>Year N 1027-I</u> "On the Order of Enactment of the Law of the RSFSR "On the Militia" (Vedomosti of the Congress of People's Deputies of the RSFSR and the Supreme
Council of the RSFSR, 1991, N 16, Art. 504);
     3) Resolution of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of
Federation of November 3, 1992 N 3789-I "On the Office of the Protection
objects of the highest bodies of state power and administration of the RSFSR ";
4) Russian Federation Supreme Council Resolution on February 10, 1993 N 4447-I "On Amendments to Clause 2
Resolution of the Supreme Soviet of the RSFSR "On the procedure for introducing
the law of the RSFSR "On Militia" (Vedomosti Congress of People's
of deputies of the Russian Federation and the Supreme Soviet of
Federation, 1993, N 8, Art. 291);
     5) Russian Federation Supreme Council Resolution on
February 17, 1993 N 4496-I "On the extension of the individual
provisions of the Law of the RSFSR "On Police" on military personnel and persons
commanding officers of internal affairs agencies seconded to the tax investigation units "(Vedomosti Congress
of people's deputies of the Russian Federation and the Supreme Council
Russian Federation, 1993, N 9, Art. 330);
     6) Law of the Russian Federation of February 18, 1993 N 4510-I
"On Amendments to the Criminal Code of the RSFSR,
Criminal Procedure Code of the RSFSR, Corrective Labor Code
RSFSR and the Law of the RSFSR "On Militia" (Vedomosti Congress of People's
of deputies of the Russian Federation and the Supreme Soviet of
Federation, 1993, N 10, Art. 360);
     7) Article 4 of the Federal Law of June 15, 1996 No. 73-FZ
\ddot{} On amendments and additions to the legislative acts
Of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law
"On the custody of suspects and accused of committing
crimes "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian Federation,
1996, N 25, art. 2964);
8) Federal Law of March 31, 1999 N 68-FZ "On the Introduction changes and additions to the Law of the RSFSR "On Police" (Assembly
legislation of the Russian Federation, 1999, N 14, Art. 1666);
     9) Federal Law <u>of July 17, 1999 N 177-FZ</u>
"On the application of the Regulation on service in the internal affairs bodies
Of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law
"On Amendments and Additions to the Law of the RSFSR" On Police
(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 1999, N 29,
st. 3698);
10) Federal Law <u>of December 6, 1999 N 209-FZ</u>
"On amending and supplementing Article 10 of the Law of the Russian
Federation "On Police" (Meeting of the Russian
Federation, 1999, N 49, Art. 5905);
     11) Federal Law of July 25, 2000 N 105-FZ
"On Amendments to Article 7 of the Law of the Russian Federation
"On Militia" (Collection of Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2000,
N 31, art. 3204);
     12) Article 2 of the Federal Law
                                          of November 7, 2000
N 135-FZ "On introducing changes and amendments to certain
legislative acts of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption
Federal Law "On State Fingerprint
Registration in the Russian Federation "(Meeting of Legislation
Russian Federation, 2000, N 46, Art. 4537);
     13) Federal Law of December 29, 2000 N 163-FZ
"On Amendments to Articles 30 and 36 of the Law of the Russian Federation
"On Militia" (Meeting of the legislation of the Russian Federation, 2001,
N 1, Art. 15);
     14) Federal Law
                          of July 26, 2001 N 104-FZ
"On Amendments to the Law of the Russian Federation" On Police "
(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2001, N 31,
st. 3172);
15) Federal Law of August 4, 2001 N 108-FZ
"On Amendments and Additions to Articles 7 and 9 of the Law of the Russian
Federation "On Police" (Meeting of the Russian
Federation, 2001, N 32, Art. 3316);
     16) Clause 5 of Article 1 of the Federal Law of April 25, 2002
of the year N 41-FZ "On introducing changes and amendments to the legislative Acts of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law
"On compulsory insurance of civil liability of owners
vehicles "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2002, N 18, Art. 1721);
     17) Clause 1, Article 4 of the Federal Law of June 30, 2002
N 78-FZ "On the payroll of employees of some federal
executive authorities, other payments to these employees and
terms of transfer of certain categories of employees of federal
tax police and customs authorities of the Russian Federation
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on other conditions of service (work) "(Meeting of the legislation
Of the Russian Federation, 2002, N 27, Art. 2620);
18) Clause 2, Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 25, 2002
N 112-FZ "On Amending and Supplementing Legislative Acts
Of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law "On Countering Extremist Activities" (Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2002, N 30, Art. 3029);
     19) Article 39 of the Federal Law of July 25, 2002
N 116-FZ "On amendments and additions to some
legislative acts of the Russian Federation in connection with
improvement of government administration in the field of fire
Security "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation
2002, N 30, art. 3033);
     20) Article 1 of the Federal Law
                                           of January 10, 2003
N 15-FZ "On amendments and additions to some
legislative acts of the Russian Federation in connection with the adoption
Federal Law "On licensing certain types of activities"
(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2003, N 2,
st. 167);
     21) Articles 1 and 58 of the Federal Law of June 30, 2003
N 86-FZ
         "On amendments and additions to some
legislative acts of the Russian Federation, recognition of lost
the strength of certain legislative acts of the Russian Federation,
the provision of individual guarantees to employees of internal
cases of drug control authorities and
psychotropic substances and abolished federal tax authorities
police in connection with the implementation of measures to improve State Administration "(Collected Legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2003, N 27, Art. 2700);
22) Article 4 of the Federal Law of July 7, 2003 N 111-FZ
"On amendments and additions to the Federal Law" On the fundamentals
systems for the prevention of neglect and delinquency Minors "and other legislative acts of the Russian
Federation "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2003,
N 28, art. 2880);
     23) Article 4 of the Federal Law of December 8, 2003
N 161-FZ "On the reduction of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Russian
Federation and other legislation in accordance with
Federal Law "On Amendments and Additions to the Criminal
Code of the Russian Federation "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2003, N 50, art. 4847);
24) Article 1 and Part 9 of Article 154 of the Federal Law of August 22, 2004 N 122-FZ "On Amendments to
legislative acts of the Russian Federation and recognition of lost
the force of some legislative acts of the Russian Federation in connection with
the adoption of federal laws "On introducing changes and amendments to
Federal Law "On the General Principles of the Organization of Legislative
(representative) and executive bodies of state power
subjects of the Russian Federation "and" On the general principles of organization
Local Government in the Russian Federation "(Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2004, N 35, Art. 3607);
     25) Article 2 of the Federal Law of March 21, 2005 No. 20-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in connection with the implementation of aviation security measures air transport "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2005, N 13, Art. 1078);
     26) Article 2 of the Federal Law of April 1, 2005 No. 27-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation and invalidation of certain provisions
legislative acts of the Russian Federation "(Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2005, N 14, Art. 1212);
     27) subparagraph "a" of paragraph 4 of Article 31 of the Federal Law of
December 31, 2005 N 199-FZ "On Amendments to Certain
legislative acts of the Russian Federation in connection with
improvement of the division of powers "(Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2006, N 1, Art. ten);
     28) Federal Law of June 8, 2006 N 80-FZ "On the Introduction
Amendments to Article 31 of the Law of the Russian Federation "On Police
(Collection of Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2006, N 24,
st. 2555);
     29) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 18, 2006 N 121-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation on the improvement of public administration
in the field of migration "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian Federation,
2006, N 31, art. 3420);
     30) Federal Law
                         of July 25, 2006 No. 126-FZ
"On Amendments to the Law of the Russian Federation" On the Police "and
recognition of invalid certain provisions of the Federal Law
"On Amendments and Additions to the Law of the RSFSR" On Police "
(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2006, N 31,
st. 3425);
     31) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 27, 2006 No.
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law "On Ratification
The Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism "and the Federal
the law "On Countering Terrorism" (Meeting of Legislation
Russian Federation, 2006, N 31, Art. 3452);
     32) Article 2 of the Federal Law of December 18, 2006
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"On Amendments to the Urban Planning Code
Russian Federation and certain legislative acts of the Russian
Federation "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2006,
N 52, art. 5498);
     33) Article 1 of the Federal Law of March 2, 2007 No. 24-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in terms of clarifying requirements for persons replacing
state or municipal positions as well as positions
state or municipal service "(Assembly
legislation of the Russian Federation, 2007, N 10, art. 1151);

34) Article 2 of the Federal Law of October 2, 2007
N 225-FZ
           "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts
Russian Federation "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2007, N 41, Art. 4845);
35) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 23, 2008 N 160-\Phi3 "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in connection with the improvement of the exercise of authority
Government of the Russian Federation "(Meeting of Legislation
of the Russian Federation, 2008, N 30, art. 3616);

36) Article 1 of the Federal Law of December 22,
N 272-FZ "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts
Of the Russian Federation in connection with the improvement of state
control in the field of private security and detective activity
(Collection of Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2008, N 52,
st. 6227);
37) Articles 1 and 18 of the Federal Law of December 25, 2008 N 280-FZ "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts
Of the Russian Federation in connection with the ratification of the United Nations Convention
Nations against Corruption of October 31, 2003 and
Criminal Law Convention on Corruption of January 27
1999 and the adoption of the Federal Law "On Counteracting
corruption "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2008,
N 52, art. 6235);
     38) Article 1 of the Federal Law
                                         of December 26, 2008
N 293-FZ "On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts
Of the Russian Federation regarding the exclusion of non-procedural rights
Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation concerning inspections
business entities "(Meeting
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2008, N 52, Art. 6248);
     39) Federal Law of November 25, 2009 N 265-FZ
"On Amendments to Article 10 of the Law of the Russian Federation
"On the Police" (Collection of Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2009,
N 48, art. 5715);
     40) Article 2 of the Federal Law
                                           of November 25, 2009
N 267-FZ "On Amending the Basics of Legislation of the Russian
Citizens 'health protection and selected legislation
Acts of the Russian Federation "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2009, N 48, Art. 5717);
     41) Article 4 of the Federal Law of December 29, 2009
N 383-\Phi3 "On Amendments to Part One of the Tax Code
Russian Federation and certain legislative acts of the Russian
Federation "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2010,
N 1, Art. four);
     42) Article 2 of the Federal Law
                                        of May 8, 2010 N 83-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in connection with the improvement of the legal status
state (municipal) institutions "(Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2010, N 19, Art. 2291);
     43) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 22, 2010 N 156-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation "(Collected Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2010,
N 30, art. 3987);
     44) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 22, 2010 N 157-FZ
"On Amendments to Article 19 of the Law of the Russian Federation
"On Police" and the Decree of the Supreme Council of the Russian Federation
"On approval of the Regulations on the service in the internal affairs bodies
Of the Russian Federation and the text of the Oath
Affairs of the Russian Federation "(Meeting of the legislation of the Russian
Federation, 2010, N 30, Art. 3988);
     45) Article 1 of the Federal Law of July 27, 2010 N 227-FZ
"On Amendments to Certain Legislative Acts of the Russian
Federation in connection with the adoption of the Federal Law "On the Organization
the provision of state and municipal services "(Assembly
Legislation of the Russian Federation, 2010, N 31, Art. 4196).
     Article 56. Entry into force of this Federal Law
     1. This Federal Law shall enter into force on March 1, 2011.
of the year.
     2. The effect of the provisions of Articles 43-46 of this Federal
the law applies to employees of internal affairs agencies who do not
being police officers. (As amended by the Federal Law of
February 12, 2015 N 16-FZ)
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President of the Russian Federation D. Medvedev

February 7, 2011 N 3-FZ